THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1868. VOL. 29.—NO. 51

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—An elegant Residence on Union street; and two New Cottages convenient to business. Rent very low. Apply to HANSON & SWINGLEY, oct22 tf Attorneys, 15 Union street.

FOR RENT—To a good tenant, the House now occupied by Capt. Geo. Mellersh, containing six rooms, pantry, kitchen and servants' room. Also, a House having four rooms and kitchen. Apply to GEO. P. ZEIGLER, sep29 tf Cor. Hill and Alabama streets.

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street. Two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A good second-hand STEAM SAW MILL and fixtures, all complete. Inquire of Henry T. Jones, Adm'r of Wm. E. Harrison, deceased, at Germantown, for terms. HENRY T. JONES, Adm'r oct3 law4w* of W. C. Harrison, dec'd.

FOR SALE—PATENT RIGHT.—The Patent Right of a newly invented "Lock Guard" for any State in the Union can be secured by application to the undersigned. It is useful, and will pay active men who engage in its sale five dollars per day. Any where those interested can address it. Address SAM SHLOSS, Appeal. oct15

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 5 acres to 200. My residence, with from 5 to 25 acres land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city. jel7 N. M. TREZEVANT.

WANTS.

WANTED TO RENT.—A House suitable for a Boarding House and Bar-room; must be centrally located. Best reference given. Apply to O. PRESTON & CO., oct7 1w 157 Washington street.

WANTED TO RENT.—A Nice Dwelling House, centrally located, with not less than ten or twelve rooms. Address B., at this office. oct20 tf

WANTED—To rent, a Residence convenient to business, somewhere between Exchange and Vance streets, and not more than two or three squares from Main, containing about five or six rooms besides servants' room. Address [oct tf] JOHN AINSLIE.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE.—I have a tract of 80 Acres of Land, twelve miles from Jasper, the county town of Stewart county, Tennessee, which I desire to exchange for city property. E. P. YEOMANS, Attorney, oct tf 312 Second street, Memphis.

WANTED—By a competent man, a situation as Book-keeper or Salesman—a Cotton and Grocery house preferred. The applicant has been engaged in business in Memphis for twelve years. The best of city and country references given. Address T., care J. M. Keating, APPEAL office. sep11

BOARDING.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—The house is highly situated near the center of the city, and at low rent. It is well supplied with furniture and everything necessary for a boarding house. The house has sixty boarders at present. Parties wishing to purchase inquire at this office. oct21 1w*

BOARDING.—A Gentleman and Lady can have a good front room furnished and board, at 179 Second street. A few Day Boarders will be taken. [oct20 1w*] HENRY LAIRD.

STOLEN.

HORSE STOLEN.—On last Tuesday night, about 11 o'clock, from my lot, my riding HORSE. I followed him as far as Holly Springs and LaGrange. The thief offered him for sale in both the above stables at Holly Springs. I am inclined to think he will make for the Mobile and Ohio Railroad. Said horse is a large bay, 17¼ hands high, very broad across the hips, a little larger on the left hip than the right, left hind foot white, broad flat forehead, walks and trots well, and a No. 1 hoss, very short body for a horse of his size; on the left shoulder is a brand M, and J. P. under it, and a J. P. on the left hip; saddle and harness marks around his girth, a scar on one of his ankles, I don't recollect which; mane a little worn by collar. I will give Fifty Dollars for the recovery of the horse or any information so that I will get him again, or One Hundred Dollars for the thief and horse.

F. J. BOYDT.
Sardis, Miss., October 1, 1868. oct6 1m

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THERE will be a meeting of the Incorporators and Stockholders of the Memphis, Holly Springs, Okalona and Selma Railroad, at Okalona, on MONDAY, November 9th, for the purpose of organization. A prompt and full attendance is expected.

oct6 10 N. B. FORREST, President, protem.

Notice.

I HAVE a good EIGHTY SAW PRATT GIN, which I will sell cheap. I refer to Messrs. Galbraith, Stewart & Co.

sep7 tf A. WRIGHT,

Notice.

I HAVE two beautiful and well improved plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the State, and a fine Lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me.

apl8 A. WRIGHT.

NOTICE.

WE ARE PREPARED TO MAKE LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES ON SHIPMENTS of Cotton to our correspondents in New Orleans, La.

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
Memphis, Sep. 26, 1868 [1m] 272 Front st

LAWYERS.

JOHN F. CARUTHERS. WM. J. SYKES.

CARUTHERS & SYKES,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Ayres Building,
East Side Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.
oct6 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,
38 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiralty cases. ma24

ALBERT PIKE. CHARLES W. ADAMS. L. M. PIKE

PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors
ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.

☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.

Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.

ALBERT PIKE. ROBERT W. JOHNSON.

PIKE & JOHNSON,
Attorneys, Counsellors & Solicitors
WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS firm will practice in the United States Supreme Court and Court of Claims, and will attend to the recovery of debts, accounts and claims against the Government or individuals, and to business before Congress or in the Departments.

The senior member of the firm (late of the Memphis Appeal) has long been known in the highest courts of the country; and the junior has had large experience in departmental and other business during many years of public service in the House and Senate. They offer their best and faithful services to those who may need them. jy8-sep10 1y

S. WRIGHT. L. B. McKISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

PERKINS, SWENSON & CO.,
New Orleans, La.
SWENSON, PERKINS & CO.,
New York,
General Commission Merchants.
W. M. PERKINS. S. M. SWENSON. D. L. SWENSON
oct1 1m

DEMOCRACY.

ADDRESS OF THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, October 20.

Fellow-citizens: It is a great privilege and duty to address you on the eve of the great battle which we are to fight, and which is to decide whether the Government of this Republic is to remain four years more in the hands of the Radical party, or whether, by an energetic, united, and last effort, you will wrest the power from its grasp, and give to us, under a Democratic conservative administration, a Government based upon principles of justice, economy and constitutional liberty.

The issues of the present campaign are self-evident. They appeal to the intelligence and patriotism of every voter in the most unmistakable terms. They have been discussed by distinguished orators of our party since the nomination of our candidates. What the Democratic party intends to do if placed in power by your suffrage is to restore peace and union to our country; to heal the wounds and sufferings caused by the rebellion; to give to the people of the South the rights which they are entitled to under the Constitution, and by which alone we can bring back prosperity and quiet to that distracted section; to reduce materially our military and naval establishments kept up now on an immense scale and at an enormous cost; to introduce into every department of government the strictest economy, and to develop, by an equitable system of taxation, the growing resources of our country, and thus place the Federal finances on a stable and solid footing, and to pave the way to a gradual and safe return to specie payment.

We are charged by the Radical party, the party of violence and usurpation, which for the last four years, to prolong its existence, has set at naught the Constitution and the fundamental principles of our government, that we intend revolution and defiance of established law. The accusation is unfounded and absurd. It can't be entertained for a moment by any intelligent voter who has the most superficial knowledge of the history of the country. The Democratic party can proudly point to every page of its history. It has never violated a single obligation of the fundamental compact by which these United States entered into the family of nations. Its watchword in peace as in war has been, and will always be, the Union, the Constitution and the laws; and no man or set of men, however high they might be placed by the suffrages of their fellow-citizens, can ever expect to receive the support of this great conservative party in any revolutionary attempt against established laws.

The ballot box and the supremes will of the American people are the only means of redress to which we look. Fellow Democrats, you are fighting for a righteous cause. You have for your leader a tried statesman and a patriot, who stood by the Union in its darkest hour, a man equally beloved for the purity of his private character as honored for his public virtues. Opposed to you are the men who have subverted the structure of their own system of representative self-government, vindicated to the world by more than half a century of prosperity and greatness; the men who have increased our enormous debt by profligacy and corruption unparalleled; the men who, in two successive Congresses, have demonstrated their incapacity to diminish our burdens by economy, or apportion them with equity; the men who have so distributed our burdens that they press with excessive weight upon the labor and industry of the country, making rich men richer and poor men poorer.

Opposed to you are the men who have denied, for three years of peace, and who will continue to deny, until your votes arrest them, self-government to the people of ten States; the men who have taken away the power of our Chief Magistrate to insure a faithful execution of the laws or command the army and navy of the United States; the men who did their worst to expel the President from the White House for obeying faithfully the interests of your supreme law; the men who, being conscious of their twenty-nine crimes, dreaded to have the Supreme Court declare their quality, and therefore abridged its jurisdiction and silenced its voice; the men who have usurped and are grasping and wielding powers not possessed to-day by any monarch among civilized nations.

Against these men, their crimes in the past, their nefarious designs for the future, you are soon to make one final and determined onslaught. Four years ago we failed to expel them from power, though we predicted then, as we now predict, their incompetency to give the people peace, declaring then, as we now declare, the revolutionary purposes of their most active leaders, who ruled their party as they would the country, with a despotic sway. But these four years have justified our warning and our worst predictions.

What we feared they have done. The revolution has made steady progress, and once more we call every patriot to join our ranks. If the people will now rise in their majesty and might they can save their institutions and rebuild them. If they are regardless of their sacred interests, so much in the last four years has been accomplished and so much in the next four years may easily be accomplished, no obstacles then remaining, that the revolution will become a fixed fact. The structure of our government will have been completely remodeled. It may be a government still, but it will no longer be a representative self-government.

For this final struggle, then fellow Democrats of the United States, let us invigorate every muscle and nerve every heart. The time is short; the foe is stubborn and desperate. Our victory would be the death blow to the Republican party. It could have been held together by no other nomination; it cannot survive your success; one victory is enough. Your triumph in November will finally re-establish the Union and the Constitution for another generation of men. It will restore peace and good order to the South, prosperity to the North, and a wise and frugal rule to both. These great prizes are worthy your most strenuous endeavors. Our ranks are unbroken, our courage unabated. Once more to the breach, and this time victory.

For the National Committee.
AUG. BELMONT, Chairman.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The following effective and able address was issued to the Democracy of Pennsylvania on the 20th inst.:

You have fought a good fight.

You have polled a larger vote than ever before, have reduced the Radical majority of 1866 by nearly one-half, and have proven the immortality of your principles and the vitality of your organization.

Radicalism has carried the State by means of the grossest outrages; by openly and corruptly buying thousands of voters; by driving from the polls foreign born citizens regularly naturalized many years since; by rejecting the votes of thousands who were legally made citizens in the Court of Nisi Prius; by violating and trampling upon the seal of that Court—a recognized symbol of the law; by deterring legal voters from approaching the polls through threatened penalties for imaginary offenses; and by the despotic and unscrupulous use of power by election officers in Radical districts.

Under the specious charge of fraud upon your part, Radicalism has perpetrated the vilest frauds. Thousands of voters have been colonized, paupers assessed and voted, repeaters hired and voted five times in Radical precincts, returns of election altered and manipulated to suit their own purposes, and fraudulent naturalization papers issued by the ream.

In the contest just closed you have learned their capacity for violence and wrong, you have tested the strength of their organization, and discovered the weak points in your own.

With the experience thus gained in the school of adversity, we will go forward to victory.

The enemy are yet to be taught that outrage and fraud, violence and wrong cannot be perpetrated with impunity; they have yet to learn that you are neither dismayed nor demoralized, and that in the pursuit of the right you know no such word as fail.

Arouse the people once more for the conflict. Bring to the polls every Democratic vote. For right and justice give back right and justice. For outrage and wrong, return the full measure of swift retribution.

The work to be done is no holiday sport. It is the last battle for the salvation of the Republic, the preservation of the Constitution, and the supremacy of your race.

Work and fight as men engaged in such a cause should work and fight.

ADDRESS OF THE DEMOCRATIC CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF ILLINOIS.

The Central Committee of Illinois on the 19th inst. issued the following stirring address to the Democracy of that State:

Viewing the late elections in Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Indiana in their proper light, there is nothing in them to depress, but much to encourage us. These elections are comparable to so many skirmishes preluding the decisive battle remaining to be fought by the opposing political parties in the approaching November. They have disclosed the warring power of the Radicals, and the increasing numbers and strength of the Democracy. They have won for us a tactical position which, combined with the justice of our cause, should, and no doubt will, with proper effort, insure our ultimate success. The specific facts on which this statement is founded are eminently worthy of at least a passing notice.

The majority of the Radicals in Pennsylvania in 1864 was 20,075 votes; in Ohio, 59,586 votes; in Indiana, 20,189 votes. These were the results in three great States in the contest between Lincoln and McClellan for the Presidency, when the Radicals were in the heyday of their power. Now, how altered their condition and prosperity! How fallen their greatness! The scepter is dropping from their nerveless hands. Defeat and disaster are irresistibly closing upon them, as the great waters close upon the depths of the dark, deep sea. They have lost in the October elections, upon the Congressional ticket, in Pennsylvania, about 14,000 votes; in Ohio, about 44,000; in Indiana, about 20,000—making a total loss, in only three States, of 77,000 votes, and an equal gain to the Democracy. Almost the smallest imaginable proportional increase on this gain would give us all three of those States, and, consequently, the Presidential election. One more such victory, in the language of the warlike Pyrrhus, would utterly undo our adversaries.

Let us, then, patriots, Democrats, and Conservatives, one and all, lend our utmost endeavors, heroically, devotedly, to the consummation of this great end. The auguries are most propitious, importing change of times and States. Public opinion, with a flood-tide, is irresistibly setting in our favor, and revolutions never go backward. Our cause is just, and must prevail. Constitution, liberty, union, progress, prosperity, are the stake for which we contend, in the eye of nations and the judgment of mankind. Friends, once more to the breach, and the day will be ours.

AMERICAN WOMEN.

What a Scotchman thinks of Them.

David McRae, Esq., who has commenced the publication in the Glasgow (Scotland) *Herald* of a series of articles, descriptive of the habits, customs, scenery, etc., of America, as appearing to him during his recent visit, says of our ladies:

The American ladies agreeably disappointed me. They are by no means the dry, hard, angular, disagreeably independent, strong-minded women they are described. Here and there, no doubt, you find a few of this stamp. Traveling over the country you occasionally encounter a lady who lectures, or preaches, or edits a newspaper, or fills a professional chair, or has a regular practice as a physician. But these cases are very few and far between—*rari nantes in gurgitis vasto*. And even they are very often, as a Scotch Doctor in Massachusetts described them, '*stickit* women.' But American females, as a rule, are just as gentle and kind, as lovely, as agreeable and affectionate as our own. Their loveliness is of a different type—paler and more ethereal. A beautiful Canadian or American girl comes nearer the popular idea of an angel than any being I have ever beheld out of dreamland. Pale features, of exquisite symmetry, a delicately pure complexion, eyes radiant with intelligence, a light, graceful, often fragile form—this is the vision of loveliness that meets the eye in almost every drawing room. I never saw, during all my life before so many fairy forms, which it would have surprised me less to see shooting out wings and floating up into the empyrean."

How to Find Speech.

Mr. L—— affronted his wife, who, to punish him, resolved to act dumb whenever he was present, and so well did she maintain her resolution, that nearly a week passed away, during which not a word did she utter in his presence. She performed her household duties as usual, but speak she would not. He tried to coax her out of her whim, but in vain. At last he tried the following plan to overcome her resolutions, by working on her curiosity—the most ungovernable of female propensities. Returning one evening from his employment, his lady sat there as usual, mute. He immediately commenced a vigorous search throughout the room. The closet was examined, the bedroom, drawers, boxes, shelves, everything that could be thought of was overhauled. His wife was struck with astonishment at this unaccountable behavior, and, as he proceeded in his search, she became nervously anxious to find out what he was looking for. What could it be? She looked in his face, to glean, if possible, from his expression, the object of his search, but no go; he was sober as a judge. He lifted the edge of the carpet, looked under the table cover, and finally approached her chair, looked under it, and even went so far as to brush her dress partially aside, as if what he sought might be there. She could stand it no longer. She burst out: "Bob, what are you looking for?" He smiled, and answered, "Your tongue, and I have found it."

A New Baby Show.

Mr. Barnum's exhibition of babies at the Museum, some years ago, was a novelty in its day; but the Oneida Community beats Barnum. He simply awarded premiums to biggest, fattest and healthiest of the numerous infants who were "entered" for exhibition; the community people claim that all their children are finer than all others. It appears from a tabular statement, evidently compiled with care, and with a proud consciousness of singular excellence, that the average weight of the rising generation among the Communists is 130½ pounds; that the girls weigh 136½ pounds and the boys 143½ pounds, and that the average height is five feet seven and a half inches. Nor is this all; for we are told that a "new set of young women have come on the stage of womanhood, who are taller and larger than any that have gone before them, actually threatening to overtop the men, and fill the community in a few generations with Amazons and giants."

EARTHQUAKE.

San Francisco Threatened with Demolition.

Loss Over $1,000,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 21.—A heavy shock of an earthquake was felt here at 7:30 this morning. Several buildings were thrown down and a considerable number badly damaged. On Pine, Battery, Clay and Sansom streets, near California, the ground sank, throwing the buildings out of line. At the present writing, 9 o'clock a. m., no estimate of the damage can be made, though it is considered comparatively small.

Several severe shocks followed at intervals since, creating a general alarm among the people. A shock of great severity was felt at San Jose, where a number of buildings were considerably injured. A second dispatch from Survey City shows that the principal damage by the earthquake is confined to the lower part of the city and among old buildings on made ground. Numerous houses in that locality have been abandoned and pulled down. The custom-house, a brick building, which was badly shattered by the earthquake of 1865, is considered unsafe, and the offices have been removed to the Revenue building.

Business in the lower part of the city is suspended. The city is thronged with people, and there is great excitement. The parapet walls and chimneys of a number of buildings were thrown down, resulting in the loss of life.

The damage, it is estimated, will not exceed $1,000,000.

At Oakland the shock was severe, throwing down chimneys and greatly damaging numerous buildings. The ground opened in numerous places, and a strong sulphurous smell was noticed after the shock.

The court-house in San Leandro was demolished and one life lost. From various portions of the country and in the vicinity of San Francisco Bay the shock is reported as having been severe. Considerable damage was sustained in many places where the earth opened and the water came forth.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 21—Evening.—The streets are crowded with the excited multitude discussing the particulars of the disastrous earthquake. Twelve shocks have been felt during the day. The general direction is northerly and southerly, though some descriptions give a rotary motion. The greatest damage extended in a belt several hundred feet wide, running about northwest and southeast, and commencing near the Custom-house and ending on Folsom-street. Injuring and demolishing some twelve buildings.

On the corner of Market and First streets the ground opened a fissure several inches wide and forty or fifty feet long. Other places in the ground opened and water was forced above the surface. The City Hall may be considered a wreck. The courts adjourned. The prisoners were taken from the station house to the county jail. All the patients in the United States Marine Hospital were removed. The building declared unsafe. The chimneys of the United States Mint were so badly damaged that the establishment has been closed for repairs. Hammer's type foundry suffers greatly. The large statue in front of the building is nearly ruined.

The general post office is temporarily suspended in San Francisco. The gas works suffered severely; the chimney being thrown over fell through the roof; the Mission Woolen Mills was considerably damaged; the large chimney of the sugar refinery on Eighth street was badly crooked, the gable end of the girls' side of the deaf and dumb and blind institution fell in, crushing through the ceiling, and many chimneys in the southern part of the city were thrown down. No one was seriously injured by them. Only four as yet are known as lost, although numbers were seriously injured by the falling debris.

The waters in the bay were perfectly smooth at the time of the shock. No perceptible disturbance took place. The shock was felt on board the shipping in the harbor as if the vessels struck on a rock. The earthquake was severe in the interior. A heavy shock was felt at Sacramento, and Stockton. The Contra, Costa, and Alemeda company's bull log was thrown down and lives lost. The Mare Island navy yard experienced two heavy shocks. Several chimneys were thrown down and some buildings considerably shaken, but none seriously damaged; no one was injured. At Vallejo chimneys were demolished.

No serious injuries occurred at Red Wood City. The large brick Court-house was little better than a wreck. All the county offices were moved. At Marysville a light shock was felt. At Sonora a light shock was felt throughout the day.

Nearly all business is suspended in this city, none but retail establishments being open.

A meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, held to-day, it was resolved to telegraph to the Chambers of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Chicago, London, Paris and Hamburg, an account of the disaster. Another shock was just felt at 7 p.m.

Oyster Packing.

A Virginia paper speaks of a small island in the Patuxent river called Solomon's Island, the business of which is the packing of oysters for the California and Australia markets; for which purpose the most extensive arrangements have been constructed. Some thirty or forty sail vessels are always employed during the season in bringing oysters from Tangier Sound to Solomon's Island. The oysters are taken from the wharf by a railway to the "opening house." In this building are placed long troughs for opening them, which can be made air-tight. The oysters are dumped into them from the cars; they are then closed, steam is turned on, the shells open by the heat, and thus there is much labor saved in the opening. By this method twenty-five hundred bushels are daily prepared for packing. They are put up fresh in sealed cans ready for shipping. The shells are then taken out and converted into lime, for which there is always a constant and remunerative demand. In preparing them for exportation are employed about two hundred persons, men, women and children.

—A gentleman who lives near Seal's Station, told us recently some of the advantages of the prolific cotton. He says that it grows much more rapidly than the ordinary cotton grown; that the limbs and joints are shorter, but the former more numerous than on the ordinary cotton, and produce as many bolls. This cotton is chopped out at a distance of ten inches (about the width of a No. 1 hoe), while the cotton in general use is chopped nearly two feet, with only one stalk in a hill when brought to a stand. He invariably leaves two stalks in a hill, and as many as four will thrive of this cotton at the distance of ten inches. Supposing the cotton in general use to spread out and bear more bolls, this cotton would still have the advantage by the number of stalks in a given space. His stalks have on them some twenty full grown bolls, and the six stalks, at this average would produce 120 bolls, which is not often to be gathered from one stalk. He will make 800 pounds to the acre on very poor, sandy land, which is good cropping. He has also saved the labor of a hoe hand by turning his geese on his cotton as he plowed it, and says they kept it entirely clean. The question arises whether a man could better pay an extra hand or stand the noise of the geese? He says he had about twenty in his field, and we know of nothing that could make more noise, except two pigs under a gate, or one more goose added to the twenty, or last, but not by any means least (dear mammas, mind you), a pet baby that needed Mrs. Winslow's soothing syrup, or a larger one that was needing a little twig from a sour apple tree.—*Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer.*

COTTON.

Plain Talk Upon the Prospect by "Fact"

As every expression of opinion upon the cotton crop of this year is of interest to our people, we make place for the following "talk on cotton," from one who is evidently thoroughly informed upon the subject of the staple. According to his facts and figures, the price of cotton is not likely to fall to the low rates speculators are trying to make us believe will rule before the close of the year. On the contrary, he suggests that figures will be higher than an average of 25c per pound for middling:

To the Editor of the Liverpool Mercury:

Gentlemen: Judging from the unsettled and fitful state of the cotton market, it might naturally be supposed that the supply available for this next year was likely to prove greatly in the excess of the necessities of consumers. I think that an examination of the position of matters will entirely dispel any such idea.

At this period last year the favorite crop figures varied from 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 bales, and yet every advantage, both as regards weather and labor, the actual yield, excluding old cotton, did not prove much, if any, over 2,400,000 bales.

There is not the slightest ground for assuming that a larger quantity can be gathered this year; while, on the other hand, there is the positive certainty that, with an early frost, the yield must prove considerably less. The "bears" will doubtless make the most of the fact that the receipts at the American ports during the first three months of this season are likely to prove largely in excess of last year, and that they will try to induce people to believe that this fact indicates that the crop will be a much larger one than the last, but a moment's reflection must at once dispel any such theory; for, independent of the fact that the receipts are no indication of the actual yield (as a reference to the cotton tables, showing the weekly receipts before the war, will clearly show) there are many reasons why the receipts during the early part of last year were unusually high, amongst others, it may mention the prevalence of yellow fever at New Orleans and Texas, and the operations of the Cotton-tax Collectors.

Turning to India, the future does not look promising. All the authorities are unanimous in stating that a smaller area of ground is under cultivation, while it is notorious that the weather during the sowing season was most unpropitious, especially in the Northwest provinces, where it is questionable if the damage done can be partially repaired; so that there is clearly nothing in the position of the growing crops to cause the slightest alarm to holders of cotton.

Let us look to our available supplies. On the 18th of September the stocks of cotton in all Europe were as follows:

	1868.	1867.	1866.
Liverpool	4 2,350	838,970	928,350
London	55,600	108,650	106,900
Glasg w	5,000	7,000	4,700
Havre	50,000	104,000	176,000
Rest of Europe	37,750	30,320	30,500
	495,400	1,088,100	1,244,300

showing a deficiency of stocks on hand of 486,700 bales as compared with 1867, and of 647,900 bales as compared with 1866, when cotton ruled at 15½ per pound, and the estimates of crop were 3,500,000 bales. Last year the failure of the Royal, and the questionable solvency of several other of our local banks, created a pressure which caused prices to decline to a point which the subsequent rise to 13½d, in April, proved to be wholly unwarranted. From this time forward, the position of our visible supplies will show a much larger deficit as compared even with 1867, consequent upon the shipments from India after June being on a much smaller scale this year than last.

Now let us look at the probable import of cotton into Liverpool:

PROBABLE IMPORT TO 31ST DECEMBER.	
American estimated same as last year	140,000
Brazil, say 1500 0 in excess of all last year	90,000
Egypt, same as last year	40 000
West India, same as last year	10,000
East India, everything as per to date	350,000
Stock	452,000
	1,260,000

This would give us a supply of 97,000 bales per week, same as last year, and leave us with a stock of 275,000 bales on the 31st of December next, against 447,000 bales same time last year. It is quite immaterial whether we receive a smaller or larger supply from America this year, as any surplus received must necessarily be at the expense of our supply for next year. I would also call your attention to the fact that, in estimating the exports, I have allowed the deficit in export to date, and assume that the total consumption of cotton on the continent this year, with peace, will only be the same as it was last year, with war in apprehension nearly the whole summer. A reference to the export table will show that the deficit of the takings from this port, so far, are as nearly as possible compensated for by the excess of shipments direct from America, India, etc., this year; so that if the consumption of the continent is the same, they would require to take from this market the same quantity as they did last year. Although, looking at the small Surat supply likely to be available after December, and recalling to mind the pinch experienced in the spring of this year, it is scarcely probable that they will close the year with the famine stocks which they held on the 31st of December last. The above figures are certainly very strong in themselves, especially when we remember that there are only fifteen weeks remaining in the year, and that last year we closed with a stock of only 447,000 bales, which was reduced in February to 266,000 bales. The fact is that for the last three years we have been consuming more cotton than the world has produced. During the last two years alone we have entrenched upon the surplus stock of the world to the enormous extent of 850,000 bales, while the consumption in Europe during that period exceeded the import of 650,000 bales, and I can see no prospect of a stop being put to this exhaustive process during 1869.

It is universally admitted that the position of cotton is overwhelmingly strong. Why, then, should our market be in the unhealthy position in which it is? A fall is now certain to produce a reaction, and by luring spinners into a belief of security and low prices consumption will be fostered to an extent that will inevitably produce a repetition of the excitement of April last. Surely such fluctuations can benefit no one but speculators; they suck up the life blood of legitimate traders by rendering their operations hazardous and uncertain. Of course I am alive to the fact that the lower level prices settle down to the better for every one concerned in the trade; but any decline to be permanent and beneficial must be legitimate, which certainly would not be the case were prices forced down at the present time. Yours, etc.,

FACTS.

LIVERPOOL, September 21, 1868.

Mr. Davis in England.

The London *Times* has the following item:

Mr. Jefferson Davis, who is now on a visit to England, and is enjoying for a few days the charming scenery of Alton, Staffordshire, the seat of the Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot, was present at the exhibition of the Alton Floricultural and Horticultural Society, held in the beautiful grounds of Alton Towers on September 31. He was in company with the Earl and Countess, but some little time elapsed before it was known who the stranger was. As soon as it became known, Mr. Davis was greeted with enthusiastic cheers by the very large concourse of visitors to the fete, who had come from all parts of the Midland counties.

COTTON---COMMISSION

NEWTON FORD, Formerly of F. Lane & Co., Late Porter & Macrae. D. T. PORTER, H. FURSTENHEIM, Late of Porter & Co.

NEWTON FORD & CO,
COTTON FACTORS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers & Commission Merchants,
No. 17 Union Street,
LEE BLOCK, - - MEMPHIS, TENN

☞ Mr. FORD will give special attention to Cotton and other Produce consigned to us. sep20 3m

E. DASHIELL, Memphis, Tenn. H. E. HILLIARD, Somerville, Tenn.

DASHIELL & HILLIARD,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 296 Front Street, : Memphis, Tenn

☞ Bagging and Rope furnished to parties who will ship us their Cotton. aug8 3m

M. C. PEARCE, Late of Pearce, Park & Co. B. J. LAMBERT, Indian Bay, Ark. L. B. SUGGS, late of Pearce, Park & Co.

PEARCE, LAMBERT & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And Commission Merchants,
226 FRONT ST., UP-STAIRS, MEMPHIS, Tenn. Strict attention given to the sale of Cotton and other Produce. Consignments insured under our open policy, unless otherwise ordered. Liberal advances made on consignments. au13 6m

F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN

F. LANE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Corner Union and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE

☞ Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. aug

M. L. MEACHAM. A. C. TREADWELL

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Grocers, Cotton Factors
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 9 UNION STREET,
Stonewall Block, - - Memphis, Tenn

REFERRING to the above card, it will be seen that we have completed our mammoth Storehouse, No. 9 Union street, "Stonewall Block," and are now opening up the largest and most varied stock of

Groceries and Plantation Supplies

Ever brought to this market. We will be pleased at all times to see and serve our old customers, and as many new as may favor us with a call. Returning thanks for the very liberal patronage extended to us for the last fifteen years we hope by promptness in all things and strict attention to business to merit a continuation of the same.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.

Our Mr. TREADWELL will give his entire attention to the sale of Cotton.

Our Mr. MEACHAM, one of the oldest Grocery Merchants in the city, will give his undivided attention to the Wholesale Grocery Department.

Call and see us; we will make it to your interest to trade with us. sep6 3m

J. W. DICKINSON. W. W. WILLIAMS. DR. B. F. DICKINSON.

DICKINSON, WILLIAMS & CO.,
(Successors to J. W. Dickinson & Bro.)
COTTON FACTORS,
General Commission & Produce Merch'ts,
210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ We have a Warehouse of our own, in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal advances made on consignments. sep1 3m

F. M. WHITE. JOHN KERR. GEO. C. SCRUGGS.

WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
COTTON FACTORS
AND GENERAL
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
And Agents for the Sale of Guano,
No. 394 Main street, (Gayoso Block,) Memphis.

☞ Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. sep1 dawsm

SAMUEL MOSBY. CHARLES DORION, JR

MOSBY & DORION,
Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,
Office—No. 15 Mosby & Hunt's Building, Up-Stairs,
No. 404 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton for sale or shipment solicited. Orders accompanying consignments carefully and promptly executed. Bagging, Rope and supplies furnished at lowest market rates. Cotton in store and by river insured, unless otherwise ordered. sep1 dawsm

P. S. JONES. J. D. JONES

JONES BROTHERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Cotton,
Tobacco and Produce Factors,
No. 8 MADISON ST., MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Consignments by river are covered by our open policy of insurance. oct 1m

SPRAGUE SOULE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
BOSTON, MASS.,
REPRESENTED IN MEMPHIS BY
THOMAS TROUT & SONS,
308 Front Street.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments of Cotton to the above house; and, if desired, will be held as shipper may direct. sep17 3m

M. J. ROSSELL. W. C. C. FOSTER

ROSSELL & FOSTER,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 320 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

☞ We will make liberal advances on all Cotton consigned to us for sale in this market. And when parties wish us to ship their Cotton to New York or New Orleans, we will advance, say two-thirds to three-fourths its value. This will enable merchants and planters to hold over such depression as we had last season, and realize the full worth of their Cotton.

All Cotton shipped to us and in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. sep15 3m

LUMBER, ETC.

Lumber, 'Lumber.

OLDEST lumber merchants in the South. Yard established in Memphis 1847. Building Material of all kinds. Dressed and rough Flooring, Doors, Shingles, Ceiling, Blinds, Laths, Weatherboarding, Glazed Sash, Fencing. We don't intend to be undersold. Yard and office foot Washington street, near river. sep18 dawsm M. F. & J. W. COCHRAN.

PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.

CUBBINS, CUNN & COOVER
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, : TENNESSEE.

BUILDING AND FRAMING LUMBER OF all kinds. Sash, Doors, Blinds, Newel Post and Caps, Balusters and Railing, Lattice, Pailings, Lath, Shingles, and a choice lot of seasoned Oak, Walnut, Cypress, Yellow Pine and Poplar, Flooring, Ceiling and Weather Boarding, for

Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.

☞ Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Morticing, done to order. sep10 2m

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,
HAVE FOR SALE IN STORE OR IN BOND,
800 BARRELS
YANNISSEE, WESTMORELAND,
AND OTHER BRANDS WHISKY.
oct1-sat1 6m daw

CIRCULAR NOTICE

We take this method of informing our friends and the public that we have resumed business since September 1st, last, at our old stand, No. 218 Main street, corner of Adams, opposite the Worsham House, where we shall, as heretofore, continue to keep constantly a large stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, NOTIONS, etc., all of which we offer at a very slight advance on New York cost.

New Goods received daily from the Eastern markets, and our Stock will be found as large as ever.

Soliciting an early call from our former patrons and from the public generally, we remain, Yours, very truly,

M. KRAUS & CO.,
oc7 No. 218 Main st., cor. Adams, opposite Worsham House.

THE OLDEST DRY GOODS HOUSE IN MEMPHIS

We take this method to inform

OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC,

That we are now receiving and exposing for sale one of the largest Stocks of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, NOTIONS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
—IN THE—
Southern States,

Which we offer on as REASONABLE TERMS as any House in this or any other city.

OUR WHOLESALE STOCK

Is worthy the attention of ALL DEALERS throughout the Country, as each line comprises a full assortment, and will be sold as low as any house will sell them, South of Mason's and Dixon's Line.

OUR RETAIL STOCK

*Is under the immediate supervision of one of the partners of the concern.

TO THE PUBLIC.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY APPEAL.

One copy, one year	12 00
Five copies, one year	50 00
Eleven copies, one year	100 00
Twenty-Five copies, one year	200 00

WEEKLY APPEAL.

copy, one year	$4 00
Five copies, one year	17 50
Ten copies, one year	32 50
Twenty-Five copies, one year	75 00

Any one getting up a Club of Five or more for the WEEKLY *at the above rates will receive a copy gratis. Subscriptions always in advance.*

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Transient advertisements having the run of the paper, first insertion $1; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per Square.
Advertisements in Want or Rent column, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Monthly advertisements, $5 for first and $4 for each additional square.
Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.
Monthly advertisements inserted in the SUNDAY APPEAL *will be charged one-sixth additional.*
Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY *will be charged half of* DAILY *rates.*
Local Notices 25 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line each subsequent insertion.
All transient advertisements, not from regular advertisers, MUST BE PAID FOR IN ADVANCE.
A Square is the space occupied by eight lines of solid nonpareil.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Correspondence, on Public Events, solicited from every part of the United States.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

SATURDAY MORNING, OCT. 24, 1868

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR
For Vice President.....FRANK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.

MONTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....W. W. VAUGHAN.

ELECTORAL TICKET.

FOR THE STATE AT LARGE.

EMERSON ETHERIDGE, of Weakley.
EDMUND COOPER, of Bedford.

FOR THE DISTRICTS.

First District—
Second District—J. M. CLEMENTSON, of Knox.
Third District—F. A. JAMES of Hamilton.
Fourth District—A. A. STEELE of Marshall.
Fifth District—F. C. CAHILL, of Davidson.
Sixth District—ELIJAH WALKER, of Wayne.
Seventh District—H. J. TURNER of Lauderdale.
Eighth District—W. W. VAUGHN, of Haywood.

DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE OF TENNESSEE.

GEORGE J. STUBBLEFIELD, Chairman.

First District—J. P. ROLLINGER, of Greene.
Second District—J. WILLIAMS, of Knoxville.
Third District—K. A. JAMES of Chattanooga
Fourth District—J. H. THOMPSON, of Shelbyville.
Fifth District—W. M. BROWN, J. P. JONES, J. F. BEACH, A. ROBERTS and JAMES T. DUNLAP, of Nashville.
Sixth District—D. B. THOMAS, of Johnsonville.
Seventh District—H. F. CUMMINS of Paris.
Eighth District—M. D. L. STEWART, of Memphis.

DEMOCRATIC COMMITTEES FOR WEST TENNESSEE.

FOR EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

P. T. SCRUGGS, Shelby County.
Dr. DANIEL E. WARREN, Fayette County.
W. W. McCURLEY, Hardeman County.
J. W. PACE, McNairy County.
J. J. BROGDEN, Madison County.
JAMES P. WOOD, Haywood County.
D. C. SLAUGHTER, Tipton County.

FOR SHELBY COUNTY.

WILLIAM R. HUNT, JESSE W. PAGE, Jr.,
ROBERT GOOD, A. SEESSAL,
A. WOODWARD, N. S. BRUCE,
PAUL CICALLA.

THE NEWS.

Maggie Mitchell is in Buffalo.

Punshon will edify Pittsburg in its skating rink next Wednesday.

Jeff. Davis will not return to the South at present.

Deacon Andrews, charged with murder, is on trial at Plymouth, Mass.

Bishop Polk's widow and daughter are about to open a school in New Orleans.

J. Ross Browne, American minister, has arrived at Shanghae.

Emile Girardin lives in a house that cost him half a million francs to build.

Miss Rye is coming to Canada this month with another cargo of British beauty.

Gov. Boalle, who was killed in Montana the other day, was a son-in law of Fenimore Cooper.

John James Piatt, one of the editors of the Cincinnati *Chronicle*, has a volume of verse in the press of Hurd & Houghton.

Mr. Neville Bullitt, an old citizen of Louisville, has died there of a tight boot, which produced mortification, as it always ought, but seldom does.

Col. Childs married the widow Graves, in Kentucky, the other day, and at the same time his son took to wife her daughter. In one case, at least, the children found early Graves.

Pollard announces that he intends to biograph Jefferson Davis, on the ground that Mr. Davis should have a "truthful and acute biographer." The good Pollard assumes that he "surprises by himself" those qualities.

The Buffalo person who rescued Burlingame's friend Sun Tajen from a watery grave in Buffalo Creek, has been rewarded by the thanks of the Flowery Kingdom and ten dollars in greenbacks.

The fine piano to be given to the young lady of Atlanta who should receive the most votes at the Baptist fair, now being held there, was awarded to Miss Laura Harris. She is said to be a charming musician. Hon. A. H. Stephens gets the case of "the most popular man in Georgia."

The Executive Committee of the Board of Underwriters met in Chicago on Wednesday. About thirty members were present, representing the insurance interest of every prominent city in the Union. There was no business beyond the appointment of sub-committees. The board will be in session for two days.

Mr. B. H. Hill, of Georgia, now in New York, writes a letter to the New York *Times* in which he says: I shall return home mortified, if not a wiser man. Mortified, only because I find in the North a bitter, systematic, adroit and persistent misrepresentation of the temper, desires and views of the Southern whites, far exceeding my anticipations.

Firearms are the latest Japanware. The protracted rebellion has created the greatest demand for French, English and United States rifles, and the American Enfields are said to be preferred. The stat ment is made that these arms are now sent at the rate of from 3000 to 4000 a week. The Japanese are said to be partial, also, to all kinds of American and European clothing, excepting pantaloons, which are not yet popular in that region.

The westward bound train on the Virginia and Tennessee R. R on Sunday last, when a few miles this side of Lynchburg, met with a terrible accident. The boiler of the Engine exploded killing the engineer and fireman instantly—in fact blowing them almost to atoms. Quite a number of No folk delegates were on board but the personal injuries sustained were only those mentioned above. The unfortunate engineer was Jerome Fouts, of Washington county, Tennessee. The name of the fireman we did not learn.

A meeting of the corporators of the Darien Ship Canal was held at Peter Cooper's residence last Tuesday night, and a company was organized with a capital of $1,000,000. Peter Cooper was chosen President, and Frederick A. Conkling Secretary. Hon. William H. Seward and Attorney General Evarts were present and addressed the meeting. The *Sun* publishes the report of Mr. Seward's speech, which was substantially to the effect that ever since the canal of Pharaoh across the Isthmus of Suez fell into disuse, commerce had desired the restoration of a channel of intercourse between the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans.

The New York *World* of the 19th inst. says: The Very Reverend Dr Anderdon, who is a nephew of Archbishop Manning, lectured in this city yesterday, and we give a full report of his remarks elsewhere. It is understood that he will soon speak on the subject of ritualism, and quite apropos it may be mentioned that the services at Dr. Ewer's Christ Church, in Fifth avenue, yesterday, were more ritualistic than anything heretofore seen in this city outside of the walls of St. Alban's. These are signs of the times and of ritualistic progress in this country; and the unavoidable discussion of the subject by the Episcopal General Convention, now in session will excite marked attention and a wide spread interest.

Ever since the production of Boucicault's "London Assurance," with real West End furniture and carpets, there has been a rage for realism on the stage which seems to have reached the climax in Australia, where genuine cannibals have been exhibited in the theater. Unfortunately, when the found captive was delivered over to the cannibals, one of them took a good bite out of the victim's leg, to the horror of the howling sufferer and to the consternation of the audience. Proper rehearsal would rectify this matter. The only similar attempt at realism in this country was the recent provincial and not over profitable tour of a band of negro minstrels, warranted to be ex-slaves from Georgia. They failed as minstrels, but would undoubtedly have succeeded as tinkerers of state constitutions.

THE DEMOCRACY.

To the readers of the APPEAL we have already given the addresses of the Democracy of Ohio and Indiana and of the Executive Committee of Tammany Hall, New York. This morning we print on our first page, the address of the National Democratic Committee, and those of the Central Democratic Committees of Pennsylvania and Illinois.

The cheerful tone of these documents, emanating from men high up on the Democratic "look-out," are among the most hopeful indications of the success of our party that we can or could offer, if we except the masterly speech of Gov. SEYMOUR, given in our telegraphic columns yesterday. Candid in their statement of the situation and of the results of the late election, these addresses indicate, in terms as plain as day the way to the victory for which we are pledged to struggle.

The watchful leaders of the people, animated by a spirit of unfaltering fidelity to their trust, have scanned the political horizon, so lately obscured by confusion emanating from our political center, and discerning the evidence of more than possible victory—possible with effort such as the Democracy can make—they invite the co operation of the members of the party, not only in their own States, but everywhere throughout the Union, to secure the glorious result. They urge that the Democratic column shall continue to move on steadily and persistently. They urge that, shoulder to shoulder, the soldiers of the grand old army of the Democracy shall move to the front, and with unyielding courage encounter and rout a foe that has too long reveled in the citadel of liberty.

Those men of the North and the West who have recently met the enemies of the country, are most buoyant in spirit and most encouraging in their words. They have tested the strength of Radicalism where it has been strongest. Having reduced that strength in a struggle in great part made upon local issues, they are confident that when in November they contend with their opponents upon the square issues between SEYMOUR and GRANT, they must, they cannot fail to come off more than conquerors, and sweep away every vestige of Radical misjorities.

With such animated and animating examples before us, we in Tennessee should feel encouraged, should feel that the day of our political redemption has not been postponed, but that, through the generous help and energy of our friends of the North and Northwest, it is hastening on. We should be convinced, and act upon the conviction, that to those who are in the right all things are possible that are right. If we but nurse our patience and use our powers in available channels, we must, we will be victorious, even here in Tennessee, where by an odious tyranny the best, the purest and most intelligent of our people are disfranchised and made to change places with their former bondsmen.

We must not sit idly by and watch supinely the progress of a campaign in which the great and good SEYMOUR himself is leading in the field. We must be up and doing, and in telling ways. We must remember that what has before been accomplished is possible to be again. Victory *has* been snatched from the very jaws of defeat. By such an effort as we can make it is possible for us to elect SEYMOUR and BLAIR. Those who have most recently encountered the enemy say so.

THE LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

We are glad to learn, as we do from competent authority, that considerable progress has been made of late in the construction of this road. Fourteen miles of grading has been completed the other side of the St. Francis river, and the bridge over that stream and iron for the graded portion has been provided for.

While this is very gratifying to those at all interested in the enterprise, it is not all that the people of Memphis have a right to expect, nor those of Arkansas, to whom, as much as ourselves, this railroad is to be a positive benefit. Why it has been so long under construction, and why we of Memphis have been so long without any profit from the immense outlay of our city and of individual capitalists, it will not pay now to stop and ask. We know that it is so. And we know that it has been mooted and suggested by many parties that Memphis, in order to get out of the difficulties in which she is involved by the so-far failure to complete this really magnificent project, should advance still more, (even as much as $540,000,) while Arkansas, the whole State of Arkansas, with the fact of prospective benefits and rapid intercommunication with the world in view, refuses to lend her State aid to a corporation, every mile of whose iron is within reach not only of her present laws but of future legislation. Memphis, who has sunk, first and last, about $1,000,000 in the enterprise, whose best piece of public property is to-day pledged and threatened with sale for the non-payment of the interest of the bonds of this railroad, is asked to "give, give," when she has already expended a wealth of energy, money and eloquence, and all for forty miles of railroad, ending——in the woods.

We want the Little Rock Railroad completed. We realize fully its future importance. We know what its value will be to Memphis. We know that it will bring into our city fifty thousand bales of cotton, or more, that now finds a market in New Orleans or elsewhere. We know that its completion will give an impetus to the construction of the Fort Smith road and generally aid largely the development of that grand system of public highways, without which it is in vain that the planters of Arkansas seek to compete with their brethren of other and more favored States. We know all this, and will do anything in reason to urge on to a consummation of such glorious results. But we do not think it fair that our friends in Arkansas, for any fancied notions, or urged by any pet theories, or because certain men and not certain *other* men have hold of this road, should withhold their aid and ask us to venture every dollar necessary to the building of it. We have done our share. Let the people of Arkansas come up and do theirs. If they will vote $1,800 000 as asked for, and that is not sufficient for the purpose of construction, we will then come up with $500,000, if that sum should be necessary. Before Memphis gives any more, the merchants and business public of our city demand that the Arkansans shall do something toward helping themselves. If the $1,800 000 asked for is voted by the people of Arkansas, the Little Rock Railroad can be completed, as we understand, by July next. If not, God knows when, as from the Railroad work cut out for our people in other directions, it will be difficult to realize anything for it but good words in this direction. We submit that the difficulties in the way of an early running of through trains between Memphis and Little Rock rests with the people of Arkansas themselves. Will they be equal the work of clearing them away?

STOKES.

STOKES, immortalized in Middle Tennessee as a renegade to his people and a Radical of Radicals, announced his intention of invading this division of the State, and trying his hand at out-Heroding the puny Herods of his party hereabouts. He was to have spoken yesterday at Jackson, but learning that Dr. LEFTWITCH was there to confront him, he wisely failed to come to time. We suppose from this that he will hardly fill his appointments at Bolivar on Tuesday next and in this city on Wednesday, since Dr. LEFTWICH, we understand, has notified him of his intention of confronting him at both places.

COTTON.

A lengthy letter from a Liverpool paper on the present cotton prospect will be found of general interest to our commercial readers, and of peculiar interest to planters and farmers. It may be read on our first page.

By Telegraph.

THE PROPOSED DEBATE AT JACKSON.

Dr. Leftwich on the Ground, but Stokes Fails to Come to Time.

Special Telegram to the Appeal.]

JACKSON, TENN., October 23, 1868.—Dr. Leftwich arrived here this morning, ready and axious for the debate proposed by Stokes. At the appointed time Stokes failed to put in an appearance. W. J. Smith and David A. Nunn are here, with their whole menagerie, and finding that the chosen champion of their principles and party was not up to time, both of them wished to take his place. Dr. Leftwich, by the advice of friends, declined having anything to do with either of them. They then determined to get up a grand meeting of their own, and have a pow-wow against each other. The town was full of whites and blacks from the country, and they imagined they would have an easy time getting up a large meeting. They reckoned without their host, however, for, although they caused the court house bell to be wrung five times, they were unable to get up a respectable crowd. A few, who attended them hither, and forty or fifty of the people of the city, who attended out of mere curiosity, were all they could collect. After making desperate attempts to increase the crowd they became disgusted and adjourned their meeting *sine die*. Jackson is tired of gatherings of their stripe.

BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, October 23.—Gov. Seymour, accompanied by Hon. Sanford E. Church, Francis Kernan and Augustus Schell, leave this morning, and will be at Cleveland this evening; at Chicago Saturday evening; at Indianapolis Monday evening; at Columbus Tuesday evening; at Pittsburg Wednesday evening; at Philadelphia Friday evening.

The following dispatch from President Johnson was received by Gov. Seymour here this morning:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., October 13, 1868.

To Hon. Horatio Seymour:

I see it announced in papers of this morning that you will enter the Presidential canvass in person. I trust this may be so, as the present position of public affairs justifies and demands it. It is hoped and believed by your friends that all the enemies of constitutional government, whether secret or avowed, will not be spared, and that the arbitrary and unjust suspensions, together with wasteful, profligate and corrupt uses of the public treasury will be signally exposed and rebuked. The mass of the people should be aroused against the encroachments of the despotic power now ready to enter the very gates of the citadel of Liberty. I trust you may speak with an inspired tongue and that your voice may penetrate every patriotic heart throughout the land. Let the living principles of a violated Constitution be proclaimed and restored, that peace, prosperity and fraternal feeling may return to a divided and oppressed nation.

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON.

NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, October 23.—The steamer Gen. Quitman, from Vicksburg to New Orleans, snagged and sunk yesterday, twenty miles above Bayou Sara. All on board were saved, but the boat and cargo, consisting of 1700 bales of cotton and 4500 sacks of cotton seed, are a total loss.

Last night a number of disguised persons entered Jefferson parish jail, at Carrollton, and shot two negroes, one of whom had been twice condemned for rape on a white woman, in 1866, and twice reprieved—once by Sheridan and once by Mower. The other was convicted of the rape and murder of a white girl aged eleven years, a few days since. The former was killed and the latter was shot in the head, and will probably die. No other prisoners were disturbed.

About two o'clock this morning a fire broke out at Gretna, opposite the upper part of New Orleans, undoubtedly the work of incendiaries. Reports are current that during the progress of the fire a number of negroes were discovered stealing goods, when a fight occurred and two negroes killed. Negroes and whites gathered from all quarters armed. The fight promised to become general, but a company of infantry and body of police from New Orleans prevented further outbreak. The negroes finally took to the woods; very few are to be seen in the neighborhood. Nine or ten houses, all frame, were destroyed. All quiet this evening.

ST LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, October 23.—A Hays City, Kansas, dispatch says that Col. Carpenter and Capt. Graham, of the 10th cavalry, had an exciting brush with seven hundred Cheyenne and Arrapahoes, yesterday, at Buffalo station, sixty miles west of here. Three Indians were killed and nine wounded. The troops had three wounded and fought bravely.

The *Democrat* has a special from Little Rock, Ark., as follows: Hon. James Hinds, member of Congress from the Second District, was assassinated today while traveling through Monroe. Jas. R. Brooks, who was with Hinds, was wounded, but it is supposed not fatally. Jas. Cooley, an out spoken Republican, was murdered in the same county, near Clarendon, a few days since.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, October 23.—The *Herald* states that several stock brokers succeeded in locking up in two or three banks some $13,000 000, and a panic in Wall street is imminent, unless other banks come to the assistance of the distressed. To-day there is danger of a serious financial crisis.

FOREIGN.

NEW YORK, October 23.—A Panama letter states that all the ports of that State are declared closed. The Government could not raise twelve thousand dollars to hire a steamer to take troops to Chiriqne to put down the rebellion there. An armed force took possession of the American newspaper, the *Chronicle*, and were supposed to be looking for the Spanish editor.

Some three thousand stands of American arms, the property of a New York firm, were seized by the authorities on the 11th inst., and carried off to the barracks.

Letters from the Sandwich Islands confirm the reported subsidence of the south-eastern shore of the island of Hami. Rev. Mr. Coan states that the subsidence is plainly shown by trees, which were once on dry land, being now in the sea, and rocky islets, once five feet out of water, being now submerged.

LIVERPOOL, October 23.—Minister Johnson was welcomed at the Town Hall, yesterday, by Mayor Whitley, who presented him an address from the corporation. Johnson replied briefly to the effect that the peace between the two countries was not likely to be disturbed, and that negotiations going on give assurance that nothing in the past or present will effect the peaceful relations of the two governments. The address of the Chamber of Commerce was also read and briefly responded to by Johnson. He declined to discuss the free trade question, as it was a legislative rather than a diplomatic question. After lunch Mr. Johnson visited the news rooms, and was received enthusiastically. He subsequently visited the dock and river, and partook of a banquet at the rooms of the Law Association. Stewart H. Brown occupied the chair. Among the guests were Lord Stanly and Gladstone. Mr. Johnson made a lengthy address of much significance and interest.

WHEELING.

WHEELING, October 23.—The election yesterday has, beyond a doubt, resulted in a Democratic victory. Returns come in slowly.

Complete returns from Hancock and Ohio counties show Republican gains. The Democratic majority in Ohio county is reduced to 120. Brooks county is very close. A small Democratic majority and gain. Wood, Harrison, Jefferson, Mineral and Marion counties, show large Democratic gains. Marshall and Mason counties show small Republican gains. The Secretary of the Republican State Central Committee claims the State by a reduced majority and the election of Gen. Duvall to Congress in the First District beyond a doubt. The Democrats expect large gains from the southwestern counties, and the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee claims the State by a small majority. It will be several days before sufficient returns are received to indicate positively the result

HAVANA.

HAVANA, October 23.—Volunteer companies are forming in all parts of Cuba, and offering their services to the Captain-General.

Order now prevails, even in Puerto Principe, for the first time.

Heavy rains are prevailing in the interior, which prevent troops pursuing the insurrectionists and preventing them from operating swiftly as desired.

Information has been received in the city, from Holquim, announcing that the insurrectionists are committing depredations in that neighborhood.

A document, purporting to be signed by the Revolutionary Committee, made its appearance this morning, inciting the people to rise against the Government.

The existence of such a committee is unknown. Everybody is in favor of peace and consequently the document is unheeded.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 23, 2:15 a.m. Another severe shock of earthquake, this minute, has sent the people shrieking with terror into the streets. It is impossible to say at present whether any more damage is sustained by shattered buildings, or lives lost. The streets were thronged with people in their night clothes, who were fearful as to what may come next. The atmosphere is thick and the weather warm and sultry.

Three o'clock a.m.—The excitement is somewhat quieted since the shake at 2:15 a.m. The people evince no desire to retire, but remain in the streets, discussing the probability of a recurrence of the earthquake.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, October 23.—A. F. Turner's b. f. Soda walked over to-day for the Association purse of $100 for two year olds. The Cumberland stake for three year olds, two mile heats, purse of $400, entrance $60, play or pay, for which there were twelve entries, was won by Buford's Creasland in two heats. Time, 3:47½, 3:47½. Seven horses started. The third race, for a purse of $200, mile heats, for all ages, was won by A. Barnes's Chemisette, beating eight competitors. Time—1:52½, 1:50½.

CONNECTICUT.

NEW HAVEN, October 23.—The propeller Northampton was struck amidship, by the steamer Continental, and cut almost in twain. The Northampton sunk in ten minutes. Several passengers were badly scalded, but none fatally.

GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, October 23.—The Democratic papers of South Carolina and Alabama look with disfavor upon any change of candidates, and denounce the proposition of the *World* and *Intelligencer* as ill-timed and injudicious.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, October 23.—River swelling slowly; three feet nine inches in the canal. Weather cloudy and chilly.

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, October 23.—There was a sharp frost this morning. It will nip vegetation and young cotton bolls.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, October 23.—Cotton a shade firmer; sales 1600 bales; uplands 28½@28½c. Flour, superfine $6 20 a 8. Whisky $1 17½. Rice dull. Sugar steady. Island 11@12c. Corn $1 15 @1 17. Wheat unchanged.

Money market very stringent; call loans 7; sterling 10½@10½. Gold 39¾@39¾; new Tennessee 70¾; old 70¾.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, October 23.—Cotton in good demand and firmer; middlings 22¾c; sales 4500 bales; receipts 4914; receipts for the week 24 553 bales; exports for the week 6677; stock 43 777. Sterling 48. New York sight ¾ discount. Gold 39½. Sugar and Molasses active but unchanged. Flour in moderate demand. Whisky $1 23@1 27; choice $1 30@1 35. Corn $1 05@1 07½c. Oats dull 62c. Pork firmer $32 50@32 75. Bacon firm 14@18c. Lard quiet 20c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, October 21—Tobacco, sales 28 hhds; inquiry light. Leaf $5 50@13; Owen county cuttings $ 75@22. Flour, superfine $6 25. Corn, in bulk, old 65c; new 66c. Oats 51@55. Rye $1 40. Mess Pork $31@31 25. Lard 19½c. Bacon 14½, 16¾@17½c. Whisky, raw $1 18@ 1 20.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, October 23—Tobacco drooping. Flour, superfine 6@6 25. Wheat, fall $1 50@1 60 Corn $1 00@1 10. Oats 45@55. Pork $31 50@ $1 50. Bacon 13, 13½, 16½@17½c. Lard 18¾@19c. Whisky $1 22.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, October 23—Flour, family $7 50@ 7 75. Wheat $1 75. Corn 86@87c. Oats 5 @60c. Whisky $1 15. Pork unchanged. Bulk meats 11@12½c. Bacon 13@15c. Lard 19c.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

ADVERTISE IN THE SUNDAY APPEAL. SPECIAL RATES.

SALE AT THE FAIR GROUNDS.

TO-DAY at THREE o'clock, will be sold at auction, on the Fair Grounds, One Thoroughbred Stallion, One Saddle Horse (which took premium). Also, Cattle, Hogs, etc., etc.

JOHN WILKERSON,
Auctioneer for
oc24-1t G. H. MONSARRAT & CO.

J. P. COFFIN, Late with Toof, Phillips & Co., CHAS. COFFIN, HECTOR COFFIN.

COFFIN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

Choice Groceries,

392 Main Street,

(Gayoso Block,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

JUST receiving, fresh assortments of all leading goods in their line.
Shaker Preserves, Jellies—assorted;
Golden Syrup, Family Syrup, Sugar House Molasses;
Coffees—Rio, Laguayra, Java and Mocha;
The fine the market;
Mackerel, No. 1; Salmon in kits and
Pickerel, White Fish, Codfish, in bulk, and
Desiccated;
Choice Lard in caddies and in Tin Cans, 10 lbs., 20 lbs. and 40 lbs.

N. B.—Goods delivered free of charge to any part of the city. oc23

CIRCULAR.

TO THE BUSINESS PUBLIC.

OFFICE OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC AND ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH COMPANY OF THE UNITED STATES,
MEMPHIS, TENN., October 22, 1868.

TO THE CITIZENS OF MEMPHIS:

The office of this Company is now open at No. 18 MADISON STREET for the transmission of messages, at reduced rates, to all points reached by its wires. In tendering the citizens of Memphis another facility for the transmission of messages, by which not only lower rates are obtained, but greater dispatch and promptness, and answers secured quicker, it should be borne in mind by all who use Telegraph wires, that only by sustaining a competing line can a continuance of lower rates be maintained. This is so self-evident that the Southern Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph Company confidently expect such full and steady patronage as will justify the establishment of this office at Memphis, and low rates.

GEO. H. THURSTON,
oc23 1w President.

To Cotton Buyers and Shippers.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AND PREPARED to make

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES

On all Cotton consigned to Messrs. DAVIDSONS & CO., New York.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
oct1 1m 266 Front Street.

COAL.

HAYS COAL COMPANY,

DEALERS in best Pittsburg Coal. Coal shipped by the car load and in hogsheads Office 23½ Main street, Memphis, Tenn. se28 1f

COAL, COAL, COAL!

MOUNT CARBON COAL

THE CHEAPEST

AND EQUAL TO THE

BEST SOLD IN THIS MARKET!

IT is burned by a large number of the principal citizens of Memphis, who pronounce it equal to any ever used. For FAMILY AND BLACKSMITH purposes has no superior. Free from sulphur, clinker or slate. Orders left at office, No. 20 Madison Street, or
sep18 W. C. POSTAL, Agent.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. M. GOODBAR, J. R. S. GILLILAND,

GOODBAR & GILLILAND,

Exclusive Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS AND CAPS,

No. 201 Main Street, Webster Block,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Our Fall Stock is now complete, to which we invite the attention of all Merchants.
sep8 1m

Just Received!

400 bbls. Rosindale Cement,
100 bbls. Louisville "
300 bbls. Calcined Plaster,
24 bales 2¼ bushel Gunnies,
300 bbls. Lime,

Which we will sell very low for cash.

JOINER & KIRKLEY.
oct8 No. 34 Monroe Street.

W. J. JOHNSON,

—GENERAL—

Freight and Steamboat Agent,

sep 27 No. 75½ Madison Street.

$1 00 Premium

FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN DELIVERED TO
E. P. BATES & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
sep18 3m No. 259 Front street.

AUCTION.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

AUCTIONEERS,

—AND—

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

Northeast Corner Main and Jefferson Streets.

WE WILL SELL ON

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 28th,

Upon the premises, at 12 o'clock,

4 TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLINGS

—ON—

SOUTH SIDE of MOSBY STREET,

Near Jones avenue, newly built, and in perfect order, and located in one of the most desirable neighborhoods in the city.

These sales are positive and unreserved, and offer the best inducements that can be given for safe and profitable investments.

TERMS—Half cash and half 12 months, with interest, secured by Trust Deeds.

Royster, Trezevant & Co.
oct1

A. M. STODDARD & CO.,

GENERAL AUCTIONEERS,

37 Union Street,

THE most commodious and centrally located Auction house in the city. oct9 1f

A. E. FRANKLAND,

AUCTION

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

No. 197 Main Street,

WEBSTER BLOCK, — MEMPHIS, TENN.

STRICT attention paid to all business intrusted to my care. *Account sales rendered immediately after sales, and prompt returns. Ample accommodation for Storage.*

A. WALLACE the Veteran Auctioneer, will be found at my house, to attend to all his old friends and patrons.

I respectfully solicit a share of the patronage of all my friends.
oct5 1dh A. E. FRANKLAND.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

INFORMATION WANTED.—Disappeared on Sunday, the 18th inst., N. C. SYMONDS, is about five feet six inches high, good looking, sandy complexion, hair cut short, smooth faced, had on dark gray pants with broad stripe down legs, light cassimere vest, dark mixed cloth coat and black felt hat. Also, had with him a black beaver overcoat. Had silver watch and chain, Remington's improved pistol and some money on his person. It is feared he has been foully dealt with, and any one leaving information as to his whereabouts, at my store, No. 3 Promenade street, Elliott Block, will be liberally rewarded.
oc22 W. P. WRIGHT.

LARGEST, BEST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF PIANOS AND ORGANS.

317 | F. KATZENBACH, | 317

MAIN STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons and other First-class Piano-makers. Also for Mason & Hamlin's cabinet Organs, and their cheaper Metropolitan Organs, suitable for Church and Parlor.

EVERY INSTRUMENT GUARANTEED for from 5 to 10 years.
Good Second-hand Pianos from $100 to $200.
SHEET MUSIC and Musical Merchandise generally.
Frames made to order.
Send for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. oc22

ESTABLISHED 1837,

PROCTOR & GAMBLE,

CINCINNATI.

SOAP, CANDLES, OILS,

Starch, Toilet Soaps, Refiners of Lard.

☞ Candles SOLD BY ACTUAL WEIGHT. Send for Price List. oc22 3m

LAND IN TEN MILES OF MEMPHIS

AND one mile of the prospective depot on the Valley Railroad, soon to be built, of every quality and in any quantity, under one ownership and acres, at two hundred per cent. less than was offered for it.

Also a fine plantation in Liberty county, Texas, of 640 acres, and Stock Ranche in Jackson county, of 1280 acres, both on navigation. For sale or exchange for city property.

Apply at No. 168 Front street, Memphis.
oct11-3tawtf

Masonic Expulsion.

OFFICE OF HAMILTON LODGE, No. 299, F. A. M.,
MEMPHIS, TENN., September 17, 1868.

THIS is to notify all men, and particularly the Craft, that DAVID L. CLORE was, on the 16th day of April, 1868, expelled from all the rights and privileges of Masonry by Hamilton Lodge, No. 299, for unmasonic conduct, and the action of said Lodge was ratified by the Grand Lodge of Tennessee at the last Annual Communication.

HENRY J. LYNN, W. M.
Attest: JOHN W. GRAHAM, sec'y, protem.

All papers friendly to the cause of Masonry will please copy. oct8 1m

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration, with the will annexed, having been granted me upon the estate of William C. Harrison, deceased, at the October term of County Court, Shelby county, Tennessee, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them within the time prescribed by law to me for payment, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery; and all those indebted to said estate, are hereby notified to come forward and make payment to the undersigned immediately.

oc9 1awtw HENRY T. JONES, Adm'r.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee.—In the matter of P. R. Cousins, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee.—ss.

To whom it may concern:

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of P. R. Cousins, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 8th day of October, A.D., 1868.

oct10 1T 24 WILLIAM Y. CRODE, Assignee.

Bankrupt Sale of Real Estate.

In the matter of JILSON P. JOHNSON, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy at Memphis.

BY virtue of an order of sale entered in the above-named matter, on the 12th day of October, 1868, by the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee, in Bankruptcy, I will sell, on

Tuesday, 10th day of November, A.D. 1868,

To the highest and best bidder, for cash, at the front entrance of the U. S. Courthouse, Waldran Block, No. 400 Main street, Memphis, Tennessee, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 4 o'clock p.m., and commencing at 12 o'clock m. of said day, all the right, title and interest, legal and equitable, belonging to said Bankrupt on the 8th day of February, 1868, in and to the following described real estate in the county of Scott and State of Kentucky, on the waters of South Elkhorn, consisting of two tracts of one hundred and twenty-nine acres and nine poles, and fifty-two acres and three roods, respectively, adjoining each other, and lying on the south sides of the Georgetown and Frankfort Turnpike road, about six miles from Georgetown, Kentucky, and bounded on the south by the Ironworks road, on the west by lands of Mrs. Kenney, on the north by the said Turnpike, and on the east by lands of Jackson, Branham and Leer.

WM. Y. CRODE,
Assignee of the Estate of Jilson P. Johnson.
Memphis, Tenn., October 20, 1868. oct1

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. E. GREENLAW,	S. K. FULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PHELAN,	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee.
jeld d1twlm

SILKS, SILKS, SILKS

SILKS, SILKS,

SILKS!

TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH

JUST RECEIVED AT

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

BOUGHT AT

CHEAP SALES!

AN ENDLESS VARIETY OF EVERY

IMAGINABLE KIND, COLOR AND SHADE!

AND WE OFFER

TO OUR PATRONS THE BENEFIT

—OF THIS—

CHEAP PURCHASE

Also, Just Received, a

FULL LINE OF IRISH POPLINS,

—TO BE—

SOLD AT REDUCED PRICES!

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

SOUTHERN FURNITURE HOUSE!

McKINNEY, BRYSON & CO.,

NO. 228 MAIN STREET,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

MCKINNEY, BRYSON & CO. are now in receipt of their usual fall supply of FURNITURE, CARPETS, etc., at greatly Reduced Prices, and which they offer for sale at prices beyond competition in this or any

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

For Finance, Trade, General Markets and River Reports, see Fourth Page.

THE SUNDAY APPEAL.

The attention of merchants and business men is called to the SUNDAY APPEAL, in which will be found not less than twenty-eight columns of reading matter, comprising an interesting literary melange, original and selected poetry, communications from regular and occasional contributors, market, river and local reports, and the general news of the day. The most interesting paper for Sunday reading published in the Southwest, it is, therefore, a most valuable advertising medium for business men. Advertisements and local notices published at special rates. Merchants and others will do well to send in their favors before 9 o'clock p.m.

CITY MATTERS.

THE STREET CARS did a land office business yesterday from nine o'clock to five.

DISCHARGES were granted yesterday to the following bankrupts: Hans Lemon and J. Carrol Terry.

THE WEATHER yesterday was clear and beautiful, a great change from the preceding three or four days.

THE LITTLE BOY who was thrown at the track yesterday, was not seriously injured, though it is a marvel that he was not killed.

PERSONAL.—We had the pleasure of meeting yesterday Mr. Clarke, Southern correspondent of the New York *Herald*. He is on his way hence to New Orleans.

COTTON FOR THE FAIR.—The holders of tickets No. 1 and 5 will please notify Mr. Jos. H. Cash, City Inspector, before 8 o'clock this morning, where their cotton may be found, or the samples will not be exhibited.

AMOS CURLIN, charged with murdering Bill Porter, was brought before Squire Kiernan on Thursday, and after full examination was honorably dismissed, it being proven to the satisfaction of th ecourt that Porter had repeatedly threatened Curlin's life.

THE GAS is generally put out all over the city in the morning before it is light, and those persons who arise early to go to market, are compelled to do so in the dark. This is, to say the least, very unpleasant, and we would suggest to those having authority in such matters, to let it burn a little while longer.

MARSHALL BRADY, a colored man, was carried to the First District station last night terribly wounded in the head by a hammer or weight. He says that he was hit by a man named James Dorough, who keeps a store on Jefferson street, below the theater. Dorough was arrested and will be examined this morning.

IF you haven't called on Joe Locke, prince of newsmen and good fellows, you should do so at once, if you want to secure the latest monthlies, weeklies and dailies. He has the *Louisville Journal* and *New Orleans Times*. Joe can be found at his new stand, 236½ Main street. If you want any specialty in reading matter he will secure it for you.

THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL.—This hotel is daily gaining in popularity under the successful management of the Allen Brothers. No effort is spared by them to make their guests comfortable. The rooms are large and handsomely furnished, and the table is supplied with everything the market affords. Those clever gentlemen, Col. C. S. Price and W. P. Brett do the honors of the office. Our country friends should give them a call while in the city, and they will be well pleased with the Commercial.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.—Rev. S. Tuska will deliver a discourse this (Saturday) morning, at ten o'clock, on the celebrated Scriptural text, "Abraham believed in God, and he counted it to him for righteousness." Those who read the recent religious controversy between the Rabbi and Rev. Dr. Ford, will, no doubt, be interested to hear the Jewish interpretation of this passage, which played a prominent part in that controversy.

TO THE ISRAELITES OF MEMPHIS.—Much suffering exists among the Jewish poor of this city. Many widows and orphans are without provisions for the winter. Their wants are very pressing. A meeting to devise means for their relief will be held at the Main street Synagogue, Sunday the 25th inst., at half-past one o'clock p.m. All Israelites are invited to attend.

NATHAN D MENKEN,
oct24-2t Pres't U. H. B. A

THE "LAND WE LOVE."—We have received the November number of this excellent magazine. The editors are evidently sparing no pains or expense to make it one of the most interesting periodicals published in this country. The present number is embellished with a beautiful steel engraving of the battle of Eutaw, a description of which by Wm. Gilmore Simms, is one of the leading articles. It contains the usual amount of miscellaneous reading matter, some good poetry, and an article on the casualties in Cheatham's Division in 1864.

REGISTRATION.—But two days, viz: Saturday and Monday, the 24th and 26th inst., remain for the registration of the white voters of the city. The following named gentlemen, Martin Kelley, Robt. Goode and Capt. Gilbert, will attend upon the above mentioned days at the office of the Register, corner of Second and Union streets, (instead of Democratic Headquarters, Stillman Block) to give such assistance as may be in their power. Capt. Sears, the Register, promises to give persons residing six miles or more from the city, in the county, an opportunity of receiving their certificates each and every day (Sundays excepted) up to the election day.

A. WOODWARD, Chairman, etc.

THEATER.—The auditorium of the New Memphis was crowded last night with the youth and beauty and fashion of Memphis to witness the play of *Rich and Poor*, and to give a perfect ovation to Miss Charlotte Thompson on the occasion of her first benefit. The acting of all parties in the cast was fully up to the expectation of the audience, and that of Miss Thompson and Mr. Hamilton elicited the most enthusiastic applause. The *Rough Diamond* was the afterpiece—a farce that always takes. Miss Thompson made a splendid "Margery," and Mr. McWade was fully up to his reputation as "Cousin Joe." The bill for this evening is *Victorine* and *Paddy Miles' Boy*—both excellent Saturday night pieces.

A BUSY man is a locomotive and life a track. Every night he drives into "the house" and stops. Every morning he is fired up anew, and away he goes, switching off in one direction and then in another. In this routine of business he forgets that the physical organization is of the most delicate kind. If a hardiron locomotive needs constant care, and to be well oiled up and rubbed off every day, how much more necessary is it that all men and women should use Plantation Bitters, which are the *ne plus ultra* of everything which is necessary to keep the system in a perfect tone of health.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—Superior to the best imported German Cologne, and sold at half the price. 31ddw

FRANCISCO & WIGGIN guarantee their stock of ladies' furs to be perfect, fresh, and of the latest patterns. They also repair and remodel ladies' furs. 1w

THE FAIR.

Fourth Day's Proceedings.

Large Crowd in Attendance.

Awarding Monday's Premiums.

Race—Riding Ring, Etc., Etc

The gloomy weather having at length vented its spite and worn itself out, night before last took a departure for a few days, and yesterday morning the sun rose in a clear sky. The air was still, and just cool enough to make the blood tingle a little and move the more briskly through the veins. At an early hour the Old Memphis City Band was heard in the streets inviting the people with its melodious strains to take a trip out to the Fair grounds, and many a one accepted the invitation—not less than fifteen hundred persons going out during the day.

As the public have been made aware, the programme of Tuesday had been postponed on account of the inclemency of the weather until yesterday, and the duties of the day were therefore mostly those of opening day, although it was but a supplementary day.

There were but few, if any additions to the articles on exhibition; still, in the imperfect manner in which the reporters have been obliged to take the entries, something new is bound to strike them each day. It was the duty of the recording secretary of the Association, or his assistant, to have furnished the papers with a list of each day's entries, as they were recorded on his books. For a reporter to attempt to go to work and take a list of them, by what is displayed, is a task that few have the taste and none the time for. This is a matter that we hope the Society will attend to next time.

Among those articles that have hitherto escaped our attention, is an independent hand loom, manufactured by C. Unversagt, and exhibited by Wm. Rodgers, Agent, of 308 Second street, Memphis. It is a really wonderful piece of mechanism, run with one-half the machinery, and taking less than half the power to operate it, of any other hand loom known to us. Mr. Rodgers wove a piece of cloth with it on the grounds, and showed practically that it is all that the inventor claims for it—that it is the best hand loom in existence. Close by this, and in operation, is the automatic clothes washer, or self-acting washing machine. This little scientific apparatus has been described before in the columns of the APPEAL, and is without doubt the best invention of the sort ever brought before the public. It is self-acting entirely, dispensing with the manual or mechanical labor in every way. Two tubes are so arranged by a false bottom, in a boiler, as to pour a constant stream of hot suds upon the goods to be washed. It cleanses all articles with astonishing rapidity, from a cambric handkerchief up to a large blanket without a particle of rubbing. It attracted a great deal of attention from the housekeepers especially. In the floral hall the display was the same as already described. Many of the boquets and flowers remaining as fresh, almost, as on the first day of the exhibition. A bouquet of dahlias, displayed by Mrs. Rayner, especially looked most magnificent and beautiful.

The following committees were appointed by the Society, for judges of the articles on yesterday's programme: On Blooded Stock—Gen. N. B. Forrest, D. Cockrell and Ben Harland, Esq., of Maury county. On the best Mares and Geldings—B. F. Ball, Dr. Edmunds and E. Essiy, Esq. A committee was appointed, and reported on Tuesday, on Hogs, (which report we gave), and another on Agricultural Implements. The Committee found much difficulty in making their report, and begged for further time, which was granted. They will report to-day. For "Sheep" there were no entries, and consequently the programme of the day was confined to Blooded Horses, the Riding-Ring for Boys, Jacks and Jennets, and the trial of speed requested by several of the gentlemen exhibitors. The following is the official report of the

AWARD OF PRIZES.

BLOODED HORSES.

Best Stallion, 3 years old and upward, T. Winchester Lake.....$15 00
Best Stallion, 3 years old and upward, cert. Peter Mitchell.....
Best stallion under 1 year old, cert., Peter Mitchell.....
Best mare, 3 years old and upward, J. P. Adams.....15 00
Best mare, 3 years old and upward, cert. P. Mitchell.....
Best Mare, under 1 year old, P. Mitchell.....5 00
Best Mare, under 1 year old, cert. J. Crowley.....

MARE OR GELDING.

Best Mare or Gelding, of any age, J. Crowley.....10 00
Best Mare or Gelding, of any age, certificate, Col. S. B. Beaumont.....
Best Mare, under one year, certificate, P. Mitchell.....

RIDING RING FOR BOYS.

Best Boy rider, under 14 years, Frank Wright.....10 00
Best Boy rider, under 14 years, cert., Geo. C. Holmes, jr.....

JACKS.

Best Jack, 3 years old and upward, C. A. Rose.....10 00
Best Jack, under 3 years, W. D. Lef wich...5 00

The riding-ring, for boys under fourteen years of age, was a most interesting and entertaining affair. There were seven entries for the prize, as follows: Master Frank Wright (a tiny bit of a boy, about six years old), Samuel Hays, George Forrest, Will. James, John P. Greer, Peter Mitchell and George C. Holmes, jr. After having them walk, canter and gallop around the ring several times, the blue ribbon and prize was given to Master Frank Wright, and the red ribbon to Master Geo. Holmes, jr. These awards caused great satisfaction among all classes, the extreme youthfulness of Frank Wright having secured for him the plaudits and sympathies of the entire multitude, even before they saw how admirably he managed his "dapple grey steed." Master George C. Holmes, jr., is a ship of the old block, and will make "a man that is a man" if he is spared.

Considerable interest was also evinced in the exhibition of mares and geldings. The following are the names of those who made entries: S. B. Beaumont, J. E. White, James Gowan, Jos. Odell, J. Crowley, Geo. C. Holmes and Col. Ballentyne. After driving and riding their animals several times around the ring, the prize was awarded to J. Crowley, and the certificate given to Col. Beaumont. This seemed to suit all parties very well, as the two animals who carried away the red and blue ribbon were known to be two of the best buggy animals in the city.

The day wound up with a very interesting trial of speed between several animals entered for competition otherwise, at the request of those entering them. The race was a single dash of one mile, and, although no purse was mentioned, there was a good deal of betting on the result. The following were the entries in the order in which they were placed: R. Britton entered s. g., Mountain Hare; Chas. Johnson entered s. g., Morning Star; D. Sexton entered s. g., Popcorn; Pete Connolly entered s. m., Maid of Memphis; W. Dixon entered s. m., Annie Laurie. The first start was false, and the bell tapped a return. On the second go, however, they all got off together, the Maid of Memphis leading handsomely, but when about a hundred and fifty yards down the track she bolted, threw her rider and was ruled out. After this Annie Laurie had things her own way, and came in a hundred yards ahead of any of her competitors. Time, 2:16. The track was still in a very heavy condition, which accounts for the slow time made.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

To-day will be the last day of the Fair, and there are many reasons why every member should be present, one of which is that there will be an election for officers for the ensuing year, at 12 o'clock, and it is desirable that every member of the Society vote.

At half-past twelve o'clock there will be an auction of all the articles donated to the Society—Dick Mason acting as auctioneer.

At two o'clock there will be a grand trotting match for a purse of one hundred dollars. Several entries have been already made, and the lists are still open.

The premium for cotton will be awarded this morning, as will also the premiums for agricultural implements.

The whole affair is to wind up with a grand display of equestrianism in the riding ring, and a burlesque cavalcade, which, from an inkling that has been given us, will be a real funny affair.

From all appearances the weather promises to be fine, and we hope that the grounds to-day may be crowded with all classes of our people.

"MORE ARMS."

The Ku-Klux are Fishing for Them.

A gentleman friend of ours, who yesterday arrived in our city from Little Rock, informs us that Clayton, the Reconstruction Governor of Arkansas, is trying very hard to secure the interference of the United States for the arrest and punishment of the parties who threw "those arms" into the Mississippi. But the authorities having posted themselves from the files of the APPEAL in New York and Washington, as to the real connection of this fellow Clayton with "those arms," refused in consequence of his many misrepresentations to believe a word that "comes out of his head." They know that Clayton, Smith, and Barbour Lewis were in cahoot to rob the State of Arkansas by the sale of "those arms," which, in the hands of the blacks, would have proven to themselves weapons of offense instead of defense. And so far as Uncle Samuel has any say, Clayton and "those arms" are dismissed, to be lost in the great furore that Seymour is creating throughout the North.

Clayton thus outdone by the wily and sagacious gentlemen at the head of the Government, has had recourse to a new dodge. He has entered into a contract with the Ku-Kluxers for the recovery of the muskets at $1 a piece, and these wretches who have disturbed the community by their ubiquity and singular performances, have at last been caught in a Radical trap for their employment at the business of fishing "those arms" from the bottom of the river.

When our friend passed the "scene of the Hooper hunting," he espied a solitary boatman (as G. P. R. James would say,) dressed in all the odd gear of a genuine son of the Klan, complacently fishing for "those arms," reporting every hour to his fellows on the bank "no bottom," accompanied with a call for more rope and grapnels. So singular a spectacle attracted the attention of the captain of the steamboat on which our friend was a guest, and in reply to his question, "What are you doing there, stranger?" the Ku-Kluxer, in a gruff, unmannerly tone, responded, "fishing for 'those arms,' you darned fool." If these Ku-Kluxers are successful, we may expect to hear more from "those arms."

THE COURTS.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor, etc.*—The following orders and decrees were entered in this court yesterday:

Cirode vs Alston, report confirmed.
J. Jones vs James, sale renewed.
Waldron vs Waldron, reference.
Bors vs Rosenbaum, Levy discharged, etc.
Kerr vs Kerr, report confirmed.
Hammond vs Wicker heirs, sale.
Coston vs McMahon, copies supplied.
Davis vs Peplow, appeal granted.
Holmes vs Swift, order to go dy.
Jones vs Jones, guardian ad litem.
Martin vs Duff, "
Wicker vs Jelke, confirming sale and final.
Slater vs Bayou Savings Institution, new parties.
Butler vs Crawford, sale renewed.
Butler vs Small, "
Butler vs Merrill, final.
Butler vs Hicks, sale.
Hopkins vs Hill, sale confirmed.
Wickersham vs Blythe, report confirmed.
Union Bank vs Thomasson, reference.
Baxter vs Baxter, reference.
Taylor vs Armour, sale.
Watson vs McKinnie, sale.
Galliea vs Murphy, injunction dissolved.
Armstrong vs Apperson, order on purchaser.
Price vs Price, report confirmed.
Devine vs Toof, writ of possession.
Mayfield vs Wickersham, reference.
Hodges vs Bank of Memphis, order on complainant.
Mellon vs Pettit, final.
Smith vs Smith, sale renewed.
Smith vs Norton, pro confesso.
Hill vs Hildoubl, pro confesso.
Rice vs Chambers, pro confesso.
Himmehich vs Walker, pro confesso.
Handwerker vs Helbing, pro confesso.
Cubbins vs Myers, pro confesso.
Saffrans vs Hendricksen, pro confesso.
Tyler vs Stratton, pro confesso.
Murdock vs Leach, on amendment.
Yoke vs Veith, to justify.
Irby vs Sherrell, guardian ad litem.

Tomeny vs Eaton. Complainants in this cause filed a petition to have the defendants, L. B. Eaton and John Eaton, removed from the Editorial department of the Memphis *Evening Post*, upon the ground that they were using the columns of the said paper for the purpose of slandering and villifying the complainants, both personally and politically. Upon hearing the cause the Chancellor decided that the columns of said paper should not be used for such purposes as alleged in the petition, but did not order the defendants removed from the Editorial Chair. He, however, decided and ordered that the Receiver heretofore appointed should supervise and watch over the Editorial Department of said paper, and prevent the publication of articles defamatory of complainants.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge, etc.*—Yesterday in this Court the case of the State vs. S. B. Beaumont was called and the jury empanneled. Nothing else done. Argument of counsel will be heard to-day. The cases set for trial to-day are as follows:

1724 State vs M. Johnson.
1747 State vs H. Weatherbee.
1740 State vs Same.
1708 State vs George Nelson.
1784 State vs L. Rocco.

LAW COURT—*H. S. Lee, Judge.*—The order of business in this Court yesterday was as follows:

871 Hunt vs Harris, mistrial.
793 Howard vs Evans, jury did not return verdict.
804 Boyd vs Bagwell, verdict for defendant.
952 Myor and Aldermen of Memphis vs Vanvoast, judgm nt below affirmed.
953 Same vs Owen McPartland, judgment below affirmed.
817 Young vs School Visitors, specially set for November 5th.

To day is motion day.

CIRCUIT COURT—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—The following cases were disposed of in this court yesterday:

State vs Johnson, verdict not guilty.
State vs Roselle and Leadbetter (colored), verdict one year imprisonment in the State prison.
State vs Willis, indictment for larceny; case given to jury; no verdict up to 5 o'clock p.m.

A motion for a new trial will be made and argued to day in the case of State vs Roselle and Leadbetter, after which Court will adjourn over until Monday morning, for the purpose of giving the attaches of the Court an opportunity to attend the Shelby Agricultural Fair. Upon convening of the Court Monday morning the following cases on the State docket will be peremptorily disposed of:

State vs J S Black.
State vs F Battle.
State vs J M Bond.
State vs J Cannady.
State vs Featherstone.
State vs Andrew Taylor.
State vs G W E Ha.
State vs J Writes.
State vs A Gerthr'e.
State vs J W Gillespie.
State vs Nick St havarne.
State vs Jane M Blaine.
State vs R D Goodman.

The trial docket (civil) will then be taken up, commencing at No. 16. The Grand Jury having no further business to transact were discharged. The petit jurors were also discharged till Monday morning.

FIRE.—The alarm which was sounded yesterday morning about 4 o'clock was caused by the burning of two houses on Alabama street, near Hill, one occupied and owned by Cyrus Johnson, Esq., and the other by W. N. Eakin, Esq. Both dwellings were completely destroyed, along with the outhouses, etc., attached. The exertions of the neighbors, policemen and firemen were effectual in saving most of the furniture, but we learn that a valuable horse was burned to death in Mr. Johnson's stable. Both houses were insured to about half their value, and the furniture to an amount covering all losses and damages. The fire was evidently the work of an incendiary. It might have been checked, or even subdued altogether, at an early stage, had it not been for the scarcity of water. We would suggest to our authorities to have a large cistern built in that neighborhood immediately, and also to increase the police force now on duty out there. There ought to be at least eight men employed where there are now but two.

"A DEAD LOCK."

"The Court Don't Know Herself."

The Arkansas Supreme Court in the Same Fix as Brownlow's.

LITTLE ROCK, October 21, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

The *Gazette* of to-day contains an article that I enclose for publication in your columns, because of the strong resemblance it bears to an account I read in the columns of the APPEAL some weeks since, of the peculiar condition of the Tennessee Supreme Court, which, as you will see from the following, "knew herself" about as well as ours, which has just been adjourned by unanimous vote of the bar as well as bench. This is only one phase of the reconstruction policy in Arkansas—a reconstruction whose point was broken by the Smith Radicals of your city, when they sunk the Clayton-McDonald muskets in the Mississippi river. But to the Supreme Court. Here is a true report of the last meeting and its effects upon the bar of our State.

Monday morning, at ten o'clock, was fixed for holding the Supreme Court of the State of Arkansas, authorized by the Constitution to consist of "one Chief Justice and four Associate Justices." This court, as at present constituted, consists of Major Wilshire, Chief Justice; General Bowen, Colonel Gregg, Freedmen's Bureau Agent McClure and Judge Harrison, Associate Justices. Major, Chief Justice Willshire, is taking a summer tour in the salubrious climate of the North. Captain, Associate Justice McClure, has gone within the last few days to look after his planting interests in Arkansas county. The remaining members of the Court, General Bowen, Colonel Gregg and Judge Harrison, being up stairs in the library over the Court room, when the hour for holding the Court arrived and the bar began to fill the Court room, themselves came not down. Time sped on apace. Judge Caldwell, of the U. S. Court, who had dropped in to be enlightened with regard to the practice as well as the principles of Arkansas State laws, greeted for a while the members of the bar present, and sought to beguile the time with anecdote and *bon mot*. Judge Watkins leaned against the desks and pulled mustache and chin-tuft thoughtfully. Judge English smiled at the occasional "good things" which fell upon his ear, and rocked himself in his chair complacently. Mr. Garland traced delicate characters on the back of papers (reminding one of Fowler) immersed in business, except when he smiled a greeting to some incoming members of the bar. John M. Harrell drew caricatures on pieces of paper before him. "Judge Bartlett "sat in a corner," looking in appearance, if not imitating the action of "little Jack Horner." He has exhausted most of the plums from his "pie." The delay of "the court" to come down began to create a feeling of suspense when Gen. Bowen came half way down, and went back. Col. Gregg then came all the way down and invited several members of the bar, most of those who were present to go up stairs. The court had come to a dead lock; couldn't solve the question which presented itself, in the absence of Maj. Willshire in the North and Capt. McClure in Arkansas county, whether three members could sit, and constitute a legal court, without the presence of the other two: In other words, whether a quorum of the court, or the whole court, would be required to be present to render decisions?

On this point the bar was invited up stairs to afford assistance. The former Constitution authorized two members of the old court, which consisted of *three* members, to constitute a quorum competent to perform all the functions of the Court. It was decided, in the consultation had, that the new constitution gave no authority for a less number than the number composing the whole Court to sit. So the members of the Court and bar dispersed *sans ceremonie*, but thoughtful. In the meantime, a man is sentenced to be hung. Rice and Benjamin, their counsel, have appealed, and want a stay of execution; but there is no court to grant it. Attorney General Maj. Montgomery, was also *non est*. The gravest interests in all parts of the State, already long suspended in this Court, must await the return of Maj. Willshire, from Minnesota, and Capt. McClure, from Arkansas county.

There was no court held by the Chancellor, Judge Yonley, although an important term was to be holden of that court yesterday. That able jurist is absent enlightening the people on their political situation, making speeches and canvassing in the southwestern part of the State, for Grant and Coldfacts. Everybody "there yet grant" that the foregoing are "cold facts" indeed. More anon.

BENCH, BAR AND PEOPLE.

LADIES' mink collars—Eugenie's, Berthas and circulars, at Francisco & Wiggin's, 307 Main street. 1w

FOR RENT.—A nice cottage, 118 Vance street, with out-houses and stables, and all modern improvements. The furniture of said house is for sale. Enquire on the premises. 1w

GREAT VARIETY of hem-stiched, lace and bordered handkerchiefs, at Rice & Engel's, 238 Main street.

$100 00---PREMIUM COTTON.

Messrs. Editors: There has been a misunderstanding about the premium cotton. After conferring with the officers of the Fair to-day, it was decided that the award, both for our premium cotton and the Fair cotton, should be made at twelve o'clock on Saturday next. All persons interested will be on hand on that day, as the samples will be examined and the rewards made promptly at twelve o'clock on Saturday. Our premium cotton will be sold on Monday next at eleven o'clock, in front of our store, and all cotton buyers and cotton factors are invited to attend the sale.

TOBIN, LYNN & CO.,
21 345 Main street.

TO WHOLESALE BUYERS.—Staple and fancy dry goods, ready-made clothing, boots, shoes and hats, the largest stock in the city, at prices competing with any house, south of Mason and Dixon's line, at Walker Bros. & Co, 229 Main street, 3t

WANTED.—ALL KINDS OF CITY SCRIP. City, school and police scrip and county warrants, are wanted at Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. tf

LADIES' WHITE CORSETS at $1—Rice & Engel, 238 Main street.

ATTENTION TAX PAYERS.—City, school and police scrip and county warrants in sums to suit tax payers, can be obtained at the lowest rates at the Memphis City Savings Bank, corner of Jefferson and Front streets. tf

LADIES' furs, furs, furs. Furs at Francisco & Wiggin. 1w

GAGE & FISHER, 308 Front street. 1m

TO OUR NUMEROUS FRIENDS AND PATRONS.—The largest stock of latest styles chameleon and plain silks; also poplin robes, *a la panier*, and plain poplins, empress cloths and merinoes, in all shades, just received. Call and examine at Walker Bros. & Co., 229 Main street. 3t

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND dollars' worth of cassimeres and common clothing for sale at a heavy reduction. Merchants and jobbers can supply themselves at New York rates at Walker Bros. & Co., 229 Main street. 3t

ADVERTISE in the WEEKLY APPEAL if you want to reach the country dealers in the adjoining States.

Laborers Wanted—1200 Men.

TO work on the Levees at Greenville, Washington county, Mississippi. Wages good and promptly paid.

HUGHES & SEARLES,
Contractors.
oct8 1m

TRANSPORTATION.

Quickest Route to New York

—AND ALL—

PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES

—IS BY THE—

Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.

Fall Schedule, September 13, 1868

Double Daily Through Trains

RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	5:10 a.m.	1:55 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	5:30 a.m.	3:15 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:30 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9:50 p.m.	6:25 a.m.
" Buffalo	5:30 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:05 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:30 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	8:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	1:26 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

Both Trains connect for Nashville.

The 3:15 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.

Through Tickets at Reduced Rates,

Can be procured at the Company's Office, 277½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street, for Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.

SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. sep1

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.

Open to Madison

ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:

GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.

COMING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.

The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.

Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.

Freights for Madison or way stations received by F. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.

Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.

Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.
au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee R. R.

Fast Freight Line to New Orleans.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made with the Mississippi Central, and New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroads, by which Freight can be shipped through to New Orleans Without Change of Cars or Transfer.

Freight Delivered in New Orleans Within 48 Hours.

The attention of COTTON BUYERS is especially called to the advantages of this Line, as offering extra inducements in point of time, and in the condition of the Cotton when delivered.

Through Rates Given and Guaranteed.

For further information apply to H. G. PATTERSON, Agent for the Line, at 277½ Main street, or of J. M. FAMPLIN, Agent at the Depot.

A. S. LIVERMORE,
oct5 2w General Superintendent.

THROUGH COTTON ROUTE.

Shortest, Quickest, Best---Via Memphis and Charleston Railroad and its Connections.

RATE ON COTTON PER 100 LBS.

From Memphis to	Via Norfolk. Comp.	Via Norfolk. Uncomp.	Via Charleston. Comp.	Via Charleston. Uncomp.
New York	$1 39	$1 63	$1 40	$1 65
Boston	1 38	1 75	——	——
Providence	1 38	1 75	——	——
Philadelphia	1 22	1 35	1 22	1 35
Baltimore	1 14	1 45	1 14	1 45
Petersburg and Richmond	92	1 17	——	——
Norfolk	1 00	1 22	——	——
Charleston	——	——	85	1 25

This line gives Shippers advantage of TWO ROUTES.

For Through Bills Lading or information apply to F. H. TALLY, General Agent, 278 Main street, or A. J. LOWE, Agent at Depot.

Claims for LOSS OR DAMAGE PROMPTLY ADJUSTED.

W. J. ROSS, General Superintendent, Memphis and Charleston R. R.
JOS. C. LOPEZ, General Freight Agent, Memphis and Charleston R. R. oct10

Cairo and New Orleans—Illinois Central Railroad Packets.

FALL AND WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The unsurpassed Passenger Steamers

LADY GAY, Capt. John H. Bark, AND RUTH, Capt. B.S. Fegram

Will leave CAIRO FOR NEW ORLEANS on the arrival of 4 p.m. train every SATURDAY, as follows:

LADY GAY—Saturday, September 19; October 3, 17 and 31; November 14 and 28; December 12 and 26.

RUTH—Saturday, September 26; October 10 and 24; November 7 and 21; December 5 and 19.

To secure staterooms, and for further information, apply to

JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent, St. Louis.
CHAS. T. HINDE, Agent, Cairo.
R. W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent, Memphis.
T. S. WOODS, Agent, New Orleans. se18 1m

MEMPHIS & ARKANSAS RIVER Packet Compa'y.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that an organization has been effected under a charter granted by the Legislature of Tennessee, November 17, 1856, entitled "An Act to incorporate the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company."

JOHN D. ADAMS,
L. M. TEBBETTS,
JAMES LAWSON,
N. L. HAINES,
HARRISON BLASDELL,
} Directors.

The Line of Boats known as the "Memphis and Arkansas River U. S. Mail Packet Company," is merged in the chartered company.

JOHN D. ADAMS, President.
J. M. TEBBETTS, Secretary.

☞ The following boats will each make a trip a week until the new boats of the company are now being built, are finished; leaving MEMPHIS as heretofore, on MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 5 o'clock p.m:

Thursday, St'r W. A. Caldwell, Haines Master.

Monday, Steamer Ozark, Nowland, Master.

Connecting at Little Rock with the steamers Van Buren, Fort Smith and Americus, for all points above, as high as Fort Gibson.

From the 1st to the 10th of November the new boats will be finished, and the Company will then run four boats from Memphis through to Fort Smith, giving direct communication with all points on the river, the Arkansas river now being in good navigable condition. Passengers and freight are put through to all points on the river without delay, and at reasonable rates.

All persons shipping freight for any point on the Arkansas river from North or East of Memphis, should have their goods consigned to JNO. D. ADAMS, Memphis. Merchandise shipped from New Orleans should be consigned to W. W. JOHNSON, Napoleon, Ark.

JNO. D. ADAMS, President.
T. A. KENDIG, Agent,
se28 304 Front street, Mcsby Block.

HUME F. HILL

No. 19 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,

United States Commissioner,

Commissioner for the Court of Claims at Washington, Commissioner of Deeds for the several States, Justice of the Peace, Shelby Co., Tenn.

☞ As Justice of the Peace he will give prompt attention to all business brought before him. He has never been in the habit of requiring cost in advance.

☞ Mr. A. M. ADAMS, a duly elected and Bonded Constable, of the 12th Civil District Shelby county, will attend at this office, and receipt for all claims placed in his hands for collection. He is reliable and prompt, and can give the most satisfactory references. oct18 tf

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Saturday Evening, October 24.—Thrilling play and laughable farce. The curtain will rise on the exciting drama of VICTORINE, the Dreamer—Victorine and Madame St. Violet, Miss Charlotte Thomson. To conclude with the Irish Farce PADDY MILES.

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle and Parquette, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Family Circle, 50 cents; Colored Boxes, 50 cents; Colored Gallery, 25 cents.

Doors open at 7 o'clock; curtain will rise at quarter to 8 precisely. Box-book open from 10 o'clock a.m. to 5 p.m.

Greenlaw Opera House—Tuesday, October 27, 1868.

PROFESSOR HASELMAYER, the Wonderful Magician and Prestidigitator, respectfully announces to the citizens of Memphis that he will give a series of his Necromantic Illusions and Recherche Entertainments at the above hall TUESDAY EVENING. Prof. HASELMAYER has just closed a brilliant engagement at the Academy of Music, appearing to houses crowded with the elite of the city, and presenting his wonderful feats of Legerdemain, in conjunction with his Musical Instrument, the STYLOCARPE, invented by himself, and the wonder of the age. The BLIND DRUM, pronounced by the press and public to be unapproachable. He will also present the Mysterious Adventures of LITTLE ALL NIGHT, performed with SIXTEEN LIVING CANARY BIRDS. Doors open at a quarter past 7 o'clock. Performances commence at 8 o'clock.

Platers or Admission—Parquette and Dress Circle, $1 00; Second Tier, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. oc23

Dancing Academy.

PROF. MOOK has commenced his session of Dancing Lessons at his old Hall, 281 Second street, Jefferson block. For Ladies and Children, Wednesday and Saturday evenings; Gents, Tuesday and Thursday nights. Practicing parties every two weeks. oc22 1m

DANCING ACADEMY,
Clay Building, 233 Main Street.

MR. AND MRS. DeGRAY BENNET (the only artistic teachers in the South), respectfully inform the public that their school is now open for the reception of pupils. sep27 1m

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner Main and Washington Sts.

C. H. H. BROOM.....Proprietor
J. S. BERRY.....Stage Manager

THE ABOVE POPULAR PLACE OF AMUSEMENT is

OPEN EVERY EVENING,

With a variety of Songs, Dances, Farces, Burlesques, Negro Acts, etc.

Admission, 50c. Private boxes, $5. oc3 1m

INSURANCE.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH

—OF THE—

KNICKERBOCKER Mutual Life Insurance Co.,

AT MEMPHIS, TENN.

Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.

Assets, : : : $4,000,000

Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.

DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:

HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
B. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. B. J. Semmes & Co.,
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MHOON, of Messrs. Mhoon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

R. W. MITCHELL, M.D., FRANK RICE, M.D.

GENERAL AGENT,

JOHN F. WILKERSON,

For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.

MANAGERS:

S. R. CLARKE & CO.

feb18

HERNANDO INSURANCE COMPANY,

No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
S. H. DUNSCOMB, : : : Vice-President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secret

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FINANCE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, MEMPHIS, October 23, 1868.

Gold in New York opened at 135¾, and closed at 135c. Our dealers buy at about ¼c under New York rates, and sell at 136@137c.

"Never, within a period of 40 years that I have lived upon this bluff," said one of our oldest bankers to us to-day, "have I seen money matters moving along as easily and satisfactorily to all concerned as they do this season, with currency sufficient to take all first-class cotton bills that are offered, and enough also to meet all the demands upon us for short loans from our customers, as well as upon some outside first-class paper. We are in a better condition than at any time within my experience of nearly half a century." We can add nothing to this statement, coming as it does from one of our most experienced bankers. One who, in the palmy days of our city, counted his deposits, not by the thousands and hundred of thousands, but by millions. It is no wonder therefore that so few of our business men are applicants for favors, or that capitalists are looking around seeking investments for their money. It is no wonder that our city bonds have, within a short time, jumped up some 8 or 10 per cent. The inducements offered by them, which for a time were neglected by those who had idle capital, are now being appreciated, and eager buyers can be found at almost every corner. As is always the case however they want to purchase at less than the market value and to-morrow or next day will be anxious to buy at rates thot ght high to-day. It is pretty well known that all the bonds issued by the city have passed into the hands of those who are so situated that they can hold on to them. An effort to get up a "pool" for the purpose of absorbing all outside lots, fell through from the knowledge of this fact, and as no more will be issued by the city. Holders know exactly how they stand. Among the sales to-day was a lot of $16,000 at 52c. This lot was taken on Eastern account, where they are very much in favor.

The Exchange market is active. Eastern cotton bills are taken at ¼ discount on all points except Fall River, which has to submit to a further discount of ¼c. Selling at par, with occasional exception when large amounts are wanted at about ¼ discount. The demand is very fair, but not equal to the offerings.

City Scrip is in demand. Brokers buy at 78c, and in small amounts would pay 80c. Selling at 82@85c.

County Warrants are firm at 60@62c buying. Selling at 63@65c.

School and Police Scrip remain the same as yesterday, with no large sales to report.

The authorized expenses of the Federal Government for the fiscal year, including remains of appropriations which have not lapsed, exceed five hundred and fifty millions.

The Nashville *Banner* says:

We notice a new kink in shipping cotton, which is worth mention. Some of our factors, instead of paying the "through" rate of $1 00 per 100 lbs. to New York, ship their cotton to Louisville and have it reshipped from there to New York. The rate from here to Louisville is $1 per bale, and from there to New York $1 20 per 100 lbs., or $1 40 per 100 lbs from here to New York. The "through" rate being $1 60, those who have their cotton reshipped at Louisville save 20c. per 100 lbs.

A German paper in New York has made the following calculations as to where our National bonds are placed:

The total issue of Government 6-20 bearing bonds amounted, according to the last monthly statement, to	$1,700,154,309
Deposited as security for circulation and Government deposits	360,000,000
Leaves	$1,730,154,309
Held by all the savings Banks in the United States, estimated at	258,000,000
Leaves	$1,402,154,309
By insurance and Trust companies, $200,000,000, and the permanent investments of all other classes of our population $500,000,000, together	700 000,000
Leaves	$702,154,309
If we deduct from this minimum amount held in Europe, say	620,000,000
There remains a total of	$102,154,309

Of which a large amount is held by banks and the numerous dealers in Government securities, who are obliged to keep constantly a certain amount of bonds on hand.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market was quiet at the opening to-day--Uplands 10¾, Orleans 11d. Sales 10,000 bales.

The New York market opened quiet but steady. At noon prices were firm and a shade better, though not quotably higher. Demand moderate. At 2 p.m. holders were very firm, asking for Low Middlings 24½c, Middlings 25½c, Orleans 25¾c, Good Middlings 26½c. At the close the demand was moderate and prices firm—Uplands 25@25¼c. No sales given.

Our market was very firm and about ¼c better than yesterday, though sales were not as large. This can be accounted for by holders not offering as liberally as yesterday. Many of them think that the reaction has not more than commenced and are disposed to await the turn. Prices were very firm at the close with considerable inquiry. Among the day's sales were the following: 28 or dinary 20½c; 25 good ordinary 21c, 10 at 21¼c, 11 at 21½c, 11 at 21¾c, 10 at 21¾, 20 at 21½c; 39 low middlings 22¼, 12 at 22¼c, 21 at 22c, 29 at 22c, 7 at 22¾, 184 at 22c, 33 at 21¾c, 12 at 22½c, 20, 39, 59, 16 40, 12 and 77 at 22¾; 38 middlings at 24½, 42, 13, 13, 8 and 100 at 22½c, 14, 35, [illegible] 23, 14, 135, 29, 9 and 2 at 22½c, 7 at 22¾, 15 at 22¼c, 22 at 22½c; 21 strict middlings at 22½c, 23 at 22¾, 1, 14, 2, 7, 7, 2, 29, 14, 8 and 2 at 23c; 3 good middlings 23½c, 8 at 23¾, 2 at 24c.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, MEMPHIS, October 23, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	1,757	
Received previously	27,195	28,952
		28,999
Exported to-day	2,808	
Exported previously	16,376	19,194
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		9,805

TRADE.

The number of country wagons in the city for several days back has been a subject of remark by those even who pay but little attention to such matters. Many of these have been drawn hither by "Fair week," and the aggregate of goods taken away by them has been quite large.

The dry goods trade has been very active for some days, and our large houses report business fully up to their expectations. Prices in this line are generally firm, but in some articles a light concession is made, in order to make room for fresh arrivals, which come to hand daily.

We have the same report to make of the boot and shoe trade, which has been very favorable during the week, and which bids fair to be active throughout the season, and long into the winter months.

The Provision market is lightly stocked, but not so much so as last week. A large consignment of meat could not be sold in this market except at a liberal deduction from our quotations. Our readers in the interior must bear in mind that there is a vast difference in the cure of meats which are offered at the tail end of the season, and that prices are governed accordingly. Bright handsome bacon commands ½ to 1c per lb more than the "shyster" lots, which are put up by outside parties, sent South to find any kind of a market, and are well sold at any price. We quote shoulders at 14c, while they can be found here at 12½@13c, such as they are, but no planter or dealer would purchase them at any price. In reading our quotations therefore it must be understood that they only cover regular merchantable articles.

The Green river country of Kentucky, the most prolific tobacco-growing section of the State, has almost entirely escaped the ravages of the frost. With the exception of the late cuttings, the magnificent crop of tobacco in that region is, as yet, unhurt.

APPLES—Stock improving and demand very fair. We quote at $1@3 per barrel.

BEANS—Choice white navy held at $5 50@6 per bushel

BRAN—Very little in market; selling at $27@30 per ton.

BAGGING—Fair demand but weak. We quote light hand made 19@16c; heavy Kentucky 22½@23c; Jute 26 @26c. No demand for India, and none in market.

BACON—Small receipts; held at 18¼@18½c in log. A sale of a few casks on consignment at 18c, was reported to-day; 5 casks clear rib 17¾; 10 casks shoulders 14c.

BUTTER—Prices lower; choice 40@42c in tubs; good 35@38c; inferior 30.

CHEESE—Firm; some holders ask and advance of ½c. We quote W. R. 17¾@18c; F. D., 18½@19c; factory, 18¾@19½c.

CORN—No old in market; new shelled 70@75c in lots; in store 80c; new ear in bulk 60@65c; in sacks 65@70c.

CORNMEAL—Stock only moderate $4 75 in lots; in store by dray load $4 85@5.

CHICKENS—Market irregular; selling from $2@4 50 per dozen.

CATTLE—Heavy Western are in demand at 5½@6c; inferior dull 2@5c.

HOGS—None in market, nominally 32@ per cwt.

FRUIT—Fair demand; dried Apples 7@8c; dried Peaches, halves 11@12½c; quarters 10@11c.

FLOUR—Market is dull. Superfine, $6 50@7; X, $6@9 50; XX, $10@11; XXX and fancy family, $11 50@15.

HAY—Market bare so far as lots are concerned; held at $28@30 in store.

HAMS—Country sugar-cured canvassed, 17½@18½c; city do., 20@22 c; plain canvassed, 17@18c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c.

HOGS—Few choice hogs in market; second quality held at 9 to 10c; fair butcher's demand.

IRON TIES—There is a fair stock on hand, with good demand. Selling at 7@8c, as to style of tie.

LARD—Stock better. Sales of 20 kegs at 21½c; 5 tierces 21c; 4 do. at 20½c.

LIME—Stock large. Caps and Alabama, $1 10@2; Eureka, $2@2 25.

MESS PORK—Very scarce; some holders offer at $32 50; 60 bbls were sold at $33; held in a jobbing way at $33@35 50.

MOLASSES—Stock light with very fair demand. We quote New Orleans reboiled, in barrels, 65@70c. New Orleans syrups 80@85c; Eastern syrups 55@65c; half-barrels 5c higher.

MACKEREL—New kits No. 1, $2 75@3 00; No. 2, $1 55@2 70; No. 3, $2 35@2 50.

NAILS—Prices steady; rates, $7 50@8 00.

OATS—Held on levee at 62@65c; from store 65@70c.

OILS—Coal oil, 35@40c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Good supply; selling at $1 40 per bushel or $4 per barrel.

POTATOES—Northern, in sacks, per bushel $1 30@1 40; Minnesota per barrel $3 50. Sweet Potatoes 60@70c per bushel.

R. PE—Very little selling. Held at 9½@10c.

SUGAR—The stock on hand is fair. We quote prime to choice 16@18c; common to fair, 12@16c; Island, 12½@16c.

SALT—Prices weak. Held at $2 10@2 50 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $1 60@1 75; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $3@3 25.

SHEEP—Very few in market. Tennessee held at $3@5 per head as to quality.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5@5 50.

TOBACCO—Market firm and prices same as last week. Stock large and well selected.

WHISKY—Market firm with active demand. Highwines $1 20@1 25; common Whisky $1 00@1 10; imitation Bourbon $1 35@1 75; Bourbon $1 2@4.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR EVANSVILLE.

Regular Memphis and Evansville Packet.

ROMEO.....J. V. Throop master.

This superb passenger steamer will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 24th inst., at 5 p.m.

VINSON & DONAHUE, Agents, oct24 1t 204 Front street.

FOR VICKSBURG.

Regular St. Louis, Memphis and Vicksburg United States Mail Packet.

For Vicksburg and the Bends.

RUBICON.....Blake master

This splendid passenger packet will leave for the above

THIS DAY, 24th inst., at 5 p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, oct24 1t 7½ Madison street.

FOR ARKANSAS RIVER.

Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company—United States Mail—For Helena, Napoleon, Pine Bluff, Dardanelle, Van Buren, Fort Smith, Fort Gibson, and all landings on the Arkansas river.

OZARK.....Harrison Blalsdell Master

This fine passenger packet will leave as above, on

MONDAY, 26th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

T. A. KENDIG, Agent, oct24 3t 304 Front st., Mosby Block.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Regular New Orleans Packet.

VIRGINIA.....Holcraft, Master

This splendid passenger packet will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 24th inst., at 5 p.m.

RICHARD W. LIGHTBURNE, Agent, oct24 1t 206 Front street.

FOR ST. LOUIS.

Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company—U. S. Mail Line.

For Cairo and St. Louis.

Connecting at St. Louis with all the Railroads and Steamboat Lines for the East, West and North.

H. S. TURNER.....Yore, master

This new and splendid passenger steamer will leave as above on

SATURDAY, 24th inst., at 5 p.m.

oct23 2t FLEM. CALVERT, Sup't.

FOR WHITE RIVER.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company.

MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master

This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,

SATURDAY, 24th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, oct22 3t Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

Memphis and White River U. S. Mail Packet Company.

MAYFLOWER.....Ashford master

This excellent steamer leaves Memphis as above,

SATURDAY, 24th inst., at 5 p.m.

For freight or passage apply to

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 250 Front Row.

J. A. Sayers, Passenger Agent. oct22 3t

FOR ST. FRANCIS RIVER.

Regular Tuesday St. Francis River Packet—For Helena, Marianna, Madison, Williamburg and all Way Landings.

MOLLIE HAMBLETON, T. R. Bowman Master Sam. C. Paine, Shell and Clark, Clerks.

Will leave Memphis EVERY TUESDAY, at 5 o'clock p.m.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, ja21 tf Star Wharfboat foot Jefferson st.

"Old Reliable" Memphis and White River U.S. Mail Packet Company,

Tri-Weekly Line.

THE splendid side-wheel steamers COMMERCIAL, LIBERTY, No. 2, and MAYFLOWER, will form a Tri-Weekly line between Memphis and White River, leaving Memphis every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 5 o'clock p.m., connecting at Devall's Bluff with trains to the Little Rock Railroad for Little Rock, Hot Springs, and all points in Arkansas. Returning, will leave Devall's Bluff every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, on arrival of the train from Little Rock.

Commercial, Capt. John Edson, leaves Memphis Thursday, at 5 o'clock p.m.; Liberty, No. 2, Capt. James Rice, Tuesday, at 5 o'clock p.m.; Mayflower, Capt. Wm. J. Ashford, Saturday 5 o'clock p.m. C. O. D. bills will be taken for responsible parties by the line as heretofore, without any charge being made for collection.

The steamer F. W. Brooks will run in connection with this line from Jacksonport to Pocahontas on Black River, making Semi-Weekly trips.

Thankful for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us during the past three years, we hope by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same in the future.

JOHN R. DAVIS, Supt's M. and W. R. Pkt. Co.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson street.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 250 Front Row.

au20 tf

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

MEMPHIS, October 24.—Yesterday was clear and the latter part of the day was pleasant. The early morning was cool. The river goes down more slowly, and has nearly reached low water mark. White river is in good condition to all points above. We have no change to report. Hence to Cairo heavily laden boats find it prudent to lay up at night. From Cairo to St. Louis we presume four feet is all that can be found. The Ohio is becoming troublesome, but a slight rise is reported coming out, which may mend matters temporarily in that stream.

Arrivals.

Steamer Mayflower, White river.
" Commonwealth, St. Louis.
" Leo, Cincinnati.

Departures.

Steamer Natoma, Friar's Point.
" W. A Caldwell, Arkansas river.
" Commonwealth, New Orleans.
" Leo, New Orleans.

In Port.

Mayflower.

MISCELLANEOUS.

There was only the usual amount of life displayed upon the levee yesterday. Friday is always a tame day in this respect, as but one or two packets are due.

The Natoma and Mayflower both had good trips of people and cotton. The former boat went out well laden.

Capt. Scott, of St. Louis, and owner of the Agues, is in town. The Agues finding no water in the St. Francis laid up some six miles above the mouth. Capt. Scott has telegraphed to Capt. Streeper to bring the boat to this port, where she will probably load with cotton for the Ohio river.

The Caldwell's crew jumped her at Pine Bluff, causing a delay of thirty-six hours at that point.

The Romeo will be found in port this morning, and leaves at 5 p.m. for Cairo and Evansville. We have long wanted a packet in this trade, and we hope that our merchants will support Capt. Josh Turoon in his enterprise. As master of the Mayflower last season, he became well known to our people, and deserves all the encouragement that can be bestowed. Geo. Throop is her clerk.

The H. S. Turner, Capt. Yore, backs out to-day from the wharfboat for Cairo and St. Louis. She runs in the packet line as a low water boat, and is well adapted to the trade, being a good carrier and passenger steamer.

The towboat A. J. Baker, which has been laying at our levee repairing since Wednesday, left yesterday for Louisville.

The circus boat Coosa left for below before daylight yesterday. Several of the "circurious" chaps got left.

The fine United States mail packet Rubicon, Capt. Wm. Blake, will pass down at 5 p.m. to-day for Vicksburg and the bends. She is a popular and handsome packet. Alf Grissom is her efficient chief clerk.

The fine saddle horse of our young friend Crowell, on the Star wharfboat, won the second prize at the fair on Thursday, and many persons thought he was entitled to the first one. Ed intends, we learn, to raffle him off.

The magnificent Mayflower, Capt. Rice, with Charley Smither in the office, will leave to-day for White river. She carries the mail, makes all way landings and connects with the trains at Devall's Bluff. Her table is not surpassed on the river, and her beds—well, they are luxurious.

Capt. J. B. Davis was in Cincinnati on Wednesday.

John H. Shunk will command the Alice Dean this season. Frank Maratta will command the Robert Burns.

The St. Marys is high and dry on Flint Island bar, in the lower Ohio.

The Darling had to lighter over Flint Island bar.

Capt. A. M. Hutchinson is at Quincy, engaged in moving the wreck of the Geo. D. Palmer.

The Stonewall comes South this season.

The Virginia will be down to-day, on her way to New Orleans. W. R Holcroft is master and Charley Shultz is clerk. She wants 500 bales of cotton, which a clerk will receive at the foot of Court street to-day.

The Importer carried 968 bales of cotton to New Orleans from the Arkansas river.

The Norman is undergoing an overhauling at Jeffersonville. She enters the White river trade soon.

There is something overpowering in the magnitude of the Mississippi. It drains a territory of more than twelve hundred thousand square miles, about one-third of the, Republic, including Alaska, and equal in extent to the whole of Europe, outside of Russia, Norway and Sweden. With an average high water below Cairo of three thousand seven hundred and fifty feet, average depth, also in high water, of one hundred and eight feet, the Mississippi pours into the Gulf of Mexico six hundred and seventy-five thousand cubic feet of water per second. This is the average, amounting in a year to nineteen and a half trillion cubic feet. The quantity, however, varies enormously in different years. In 1859 and 1855, it was twenty-nine trillions (29,000,000,000,000) Yet this enormous quantity of water is only one quarter of the rain falling in the basin of the Mississippi.

The Cairo *Democrat* of yesterday says: "The officers in charge of the United States survey of the Ohio river, were in the city yesterday. The recent rise interfered with their work from Smithland to this point, and it is thought the work in the way of sounding will have to be done over again. The survey will make some important changes in established distances, etc., on the river. It is found that over one route a difference of nearly $75,000 a year will be made in favor of the Government in the transportation of the mails.

The Vicksburg *Herald* says of Capt. Gudgeon, of the Submarine No. 12: Capt. G. leaves to-day for the Yazoo river, to wreck the steamer Hope, sunk a short distance below Yazoo City. He is fast clearing out all the old wrecks in that stream, and will, when through with the Hope, remove the remsider of the gunboat Cairo.

The *Commercial* says: A meeting of our prominent steamboatmen was held at 10:30 yesterday morning for the purpose of arranging the reorganization of the Marine Association, Capt. Thomas Sherlock in the chair, Capt. J. W. Batchelor, Secretary. After discussing the object of the meeting and the advantages of concert of action, a committee of five—Capt. Sam J. Hale, Capt. Thomas Sherlock, Theo. Cook, Esq., Capt. Thomas Eckert and Capt. J. G. Isham—was appointed to draw up a plan of organization, to be reported at the adjourned meeting, which will be held Thursday evening at the Spencer House.

STEAMBOATS.

FOR MOUND CITY.

STEAMER PESOTA LEAVES every day for Mound City at 7½ a.m., 11 a.m., 3 p.m. and 5 p.m. Leaves Mound City every day at 6½ a.m., 9 a.m., 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. Landing at foot of Washington street.

MARK R. CHEEK, Master. tv11

Memphis and New Orleans Wednesday Packets,

MAGENTA

Capt. J. FRANK HICKS; Clerk, JOHN BROOKS

MISSISSIPPI,

Capt. NAT. S. GREEN; Clerk, S. COOK CARLINGTON

ONE of these fine Packets will leave Memphis for New Orleans

Every Wednesday, Commencing on September 16th, and every Wednesday thereafter throughout the Season.

Their Cotton capacity is unsurpassed, while in all things necessary to make up splendid Passenger Packets, they are unequaled upon the river.

MART WALT & CO., Agents. No. 274 Front Row.

LEVY & SHARPE, Agents, No. 250 Front Row.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent, au12 tf Star Wharfboat, foot Jefferson st.

CLOTHING.

MANUFACTORY

No 13 Barclay Street, N. Y.

A. W SPROULE & CO.,

No. 74 Fourth Street St. Louis.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE.

Cor. Fourth and Main Sts., Louisville.

SPROULE & M'COWN,

No. 84 St. Charles Street, New Orleans.

SPROULE & M'COWN,

Corner Washington and Crawford Streets, Vicksburg.

SPROULE & M'COWN

221

MAIN STREET

UNDER

WORSHAM HOUSE,

MEMPHIS,

ARE NOW RECEIVING

—THEIR—

FALL & WINTER

STOCK OF GENTS'

—AND—

FINE CLOTHING

Furnishing Goods.

Deal Exclusively in Fine

Custom - Made Goods.

HAVING AMPLE MEANS, WE

DO BUSINESS EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH,

AND HAVING

NO MANUFACTURERS' PROFIT TO PAY

AND EVERY

Facility the Market Affords,

WE WILL MAKE IT

TO THE ADVANTAGE OF ALL

TO BUY

FIRST CLASS GOODS

SPROULE & McCOWN,

221 MAIN STREET,

Under Worsham House,

Memphis, Tennessee.

COTTON---COMMISSION.

WM. H. ANDREWS,

Grocer

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

280 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.

sep20 3m

RALPH WORMELEY,

(Late Wormeley, Pickett & Co.)

COTTON FACTOR AND COMMISSION MERchant, No. 310 Front street, Memphis.

I shall continue the Commission Business at the above stand, where I shall be happy to see all of my friends, many of whom I have served for twenty years, and now again place my services at their command, earnestly soliciting consignments of Cotton and other Produce—assuring them of my continued efforts to serve them faithfully, and to guard with zealous care their interests.

Supplies furnished, and liberal advances made on Cotton in store. All Cotton insured unless otherwise instructed.

sep— RALPH WORMELEY.

C. DICKMANN, New Orleans. WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis.

DICKMANN & HILL,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 33 Union Street, : : New Orleans

WM. KEENAN HILL, Memphis. C. DICKMANN, New Orleans.

W. K. HILL & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

Grocers & Commission Merchants

—DEALERS IN—

Plantation Supplies Generally,

NO. 320 FRONT STREET, MEMPHIS, TENN

REFERRING to the above cards, we respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Will make liberal Cash Advances on Consignments to either house. All consignments shipped by river will be covered by insurance, and while in store, unless otherwise instructed.

FOR SALE. A general stock of Groceries and Plantation Supplies at low market rates, consisting of BAGGING, IRON TIES, ROPE, TWINE, BACON, PORK, LARD, COFFEE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, MEAL, WHISKY, WOODWARE, etc. Respectfully,

W. K. HILL & CO., au13 3m No. 320 Front street

J. L. VERSER,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

314 FRONT STREET,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

BAGGING, ROPE AND TIES FURNISHED at Lowest Market Prices. Cotton shipped by river, and all Cotton in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. au14 3m

R. A. MOON,

Cotton Factor, Produce and Commission Merchant,

252 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn., Commercial Block.

THANKFUL for the patronage of the past season (far exceeding anything I could have reasonably expected under the circumstances), it affords me pleasure to again offer my services to the planting community seeking Memphis as a market for the sale of their Cotton and other Produce. My personal attention will be given to the sale of all Consignments from my friends. My charges, as heretofore, for selling will be *One Dollar per Bale Commissions.* Consignments in transit or in store insured in my Open Policy, unless instructed to the contrary. Liberal advances, and supplies of all kinds furnished at the lowest cash prices.

sep22 daw3m R. A. MOON.

H. FITZGERALD, Gallatin. C. C. BILL, Memphis. J. T. JEFFERSON, Memphis.

H. FITZGERALD & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers & Commission Merch'ts

Agents for the Sale of Sheeting, Cotton Yarns and Osnaburgs, Dupont's Gunpowder, and Frinting Paper,

274 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn. sep13 3m

J. A. SHANE. I.R. A. HARRIS.

SHANE, HARRIS & CO.,

(Successors to Shane, Bell & Co.)

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

GENERAL COMMISSION

And Forwarding Merchants,

254 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

LIBERAL advances on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished to customers. A. G. HARRIS & CO., No. 17 Vine street, Cincinna i, Ohio. sep1 3m

E. B. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn. JOHN W. WEBBER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

280 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m

J. T. FARGASON. J. H. TALBERT, C. C. CLAY OF MISSISSIPPI, WITH

FARGASON & CLAY,

[Successors to Fargason, Cocke & Co.]

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 330 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENN.

Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. se8 6m

F. W. IRVINE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 278 Front Street, Up stairs,

Over H. S. Taylor & Co.,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE. sep13 3m

HUGH TORRANCE,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

Gen'l Commission Merchant,

NO. 10 JEFFERSON ST., TITUS BLOCK,

OPPOSITE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

MEMPHIS, - - - - TENNESSEE sep16 1m

COTTON GINS

EAGLE COTTON GINS.

WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of those unrivalled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT Cotton turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where mule power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.

McCOMBS & CO., Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns, 322½ and 324 Main Street, Memphis, Tenn. jy11 dawtm

DRUGS, ETC.

THEO. HOERNER,

Analytic and Manufacturing Chemist, Druggist and Apothecary,

54 and 56 Beal Street,

(Northwest corner of Second),

CHEMICAL ANALYSES of all descriptions made, and written reports furnished. Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Patent Medicines, Soaps, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, and everything pertaining to a first-class Drug Store. sep27 1f

COTTON---COMMISSION.

W. J. PORTER & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 142 Pearl Street, New York.

—REFER TO—

First National Bank, DeSoto Bank, Jackson Insurance Company, Memphis, Tenn.; First National Bank, John W. Allen, Banker, Nashville Tenn.; Thos. Eakin, Banker, New York; Baker & Co., Commission Merchants, Commercial Bank, Lafayette Bank, Dubois & Augur, Commission Merchants, Wm. Glenn & Sons, Grocers, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments, by our Agent.

Maj. J. J. BUSBY, 274 Front St., is W. G. PATTERSON, of Grenada, Miss., oct11 tf Traveling Agent.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm style of WORMELEY, PICKETT & CO., is dissolved—having expired by limitation on the 1st of July past.

Mr. Wm. S. Pickett remains in charge of the books, accounts and assets of the late firm, and is charged with the settlement and liquidation of its affairs.

RALPH WORMELEY, W. S. PICKETT, J. D. USSERY.

W. S. PICKETT & CO.,

(Successors to Wormeley, Pickett & Co.)

Cotton Factors,

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Memphis, Tennessee.

AS liquidating partner of the late firm of Wormeley, Pickett & Co., I shall continue the Commission Business under the above style, and solicit consignments of Cotton and other Produce, on which liberal advances will be made when required. sep28 W. S. PICKETT.

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

And dealers in

Plantation & Family Supplies.

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO., sep1 No. 228 Front street.

T. B. NORMENT. A. P. GRAVES

NORMENT & GRAVES,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

No. 4 Howard's Row.

UP-STAIRS, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN

Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies furnished. au18-3m

S. M. ANDERSON. M. HAWKS. P. H. DAVIS.

S. M. ANDERSON & CO.,

COTTON BUYERS,

304 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments to GEO. BLACKBURN & CO., Boston, Mass., or A. C. SCHAEFER & CO., New York. oct11-1m

VIRGIL V. MOORE. EDWIN WHITFIELD

MOORE, WHITFIELD & CO.

COTTON FACIORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

NO. 1 HOWARD'S ROW,

Cor. of Union and Front Sts., Memphis, Tenn.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to customers. Agents for the "Taylor Gin" and Owen's Universal Cotton Cleaner. sep13 3m

WM. McGEE, Memphis, Tenn. R. F. HERRON, Late of Shane, Bell & Co.

McGEE & HERRON,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

Commission Merchants,

254 Front St., Up-stairs, Memphis, Tenn.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market rates sep20 dawtm

D. H. TOWNSEND,

COTTON FACTOR

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 256 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.

Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished customers. au19 3mdaw

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. B. FRANK HARBERT, Memphis, Tenn. Capt. J. S. CARUTHERS, —WITH—

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

No. 11 Union Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

Cash advances made on consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished. sep1 3m

New Firm.

THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of LEVY & SHARPE, for the transaction of a general Commission and Steamboat Agency business.

E. A. LEVY, Memphis, Sept. 1, 1868. JAS. B. SHARPE.

CARD.

E. A. LEVY, Late Levy & Miller. JAS. B. SHARPE, Late of Pine Bluff, Ark.

LEVY & SHARPE,

Commission and Forwarding Merchants,

—AND—

General Steamboat Agents,

No. 250 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

N. R. JUDSON, Mishawaka, Ind. W. H. JUDSON, J. C. ALEXANDER. R. G. MATTHEWS.

JUDSON & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Rooms 35 & 36, Lee Block, Union street,

Memphis, Tenn.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished to our customers. Also, all cotton shipped to us will be covered by our open policy of insurance, unless otherwise instructed sep6 3m

J. C. NEELY. S. H. BROOKS. H. M. NEELY.

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers

COTTON FACTORS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

PLANTATION SUPPLIES,

BOAT AND BAR STORES,

No. 276 Front Street,

(Between Court and Madison,)

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE. sep6 3m

BANKS AND BANKING

MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK,

OF MEMPHIS.

Paid in Capital - - - $300,000 00

W. H. CHERRY, President.
AMOS WOODRUFF, Vice-Pres't.
H. A. PARTEE, Cashier.
J. J. FREEMAN, Ass't Cashier.

Directors:

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FIRST NATIONAL BANK

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BEN EISM N, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
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C. F. SMIT
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F. S. DAVIS, President.

C. P. NORRIS, Vice-President sep1 tf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. NORRIS,

OCULIST,

237 Main Street,

Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.

Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straightens Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates. au16 daw 1f

WILLIAM D. LYLES, M. D.,

TREATS DISEASES OF

Women & Children as Specialties.

OFFICE:

Corner Third and Madison Streets,

jy28 MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

DR. JAMES,

FORMERLY OF JAMES' LOCK HOSPITAL, Custom House street, New Orleans, (established 1850), for the last eight years located in Chicago, and celebrated throughout the country in the successful treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES, can be confidentially consulted at his office and parlors, 91 and 93 Randolph street corner of Dearborn street, or by letter Postoffice Drawer 5863.

DR. JAMES treats CHRONIC, MERCURIAL SYPHILITIC, BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and all DISORDERS OF THE FACULTIES OR NERVEAL CHARACTER—which he cures without the use of mercury, iodide of potassium, arsenic or any poison, but with his NEURA PA-ZZSA, a positive cure for all humors and blood poisons.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS, such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, brought on by abuse of the organs, early indiscretions, excesses, or entailed hereditarily, causing loss of memory, confusion, depression, dimness of vision and oftentimes insanity, with a deep seated train of other symptoms, treated and fully cured by an infallible method, saving time and expense. All diseases peculiar to the sexual organs, of a private character, radically and permanently cured.

Old diseases of the most horrible class, where the blood has become poisoned, producing blotches on the face, small ulcers, blisters, pains in the head and bones, ulcerated throat and nose, sores on the limbs and body, scrofula, together with an endless number of sufferings, effectually and permanently cured.

DR. JAMES is recommended by the press of the country, by professors of medical colleges, and by the medical profession generally. Those afflicted should apply to him, and be cured at once.

THE MONITOR, by Dr. James, a treatise upon diseases peculiar to the sexual organs of either sex, causes, effects and their remedies, compiled from the experience of thirty years' practice in the exclusive treatment of these diseases, sent to any address, securely wrapped. Price One Dollar. Pamphlet on SPERMATORRHŒA, or one on SYPHILIS, sent in sealed envelope upon receipt of postage—two red stamps. Address Dr. JAMES, Postoffice Drawer 5863, Chicago, Illinois. sep17 1f

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